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Najbardziej obiecujące terapie lekami biopodobnymi - Hematologia

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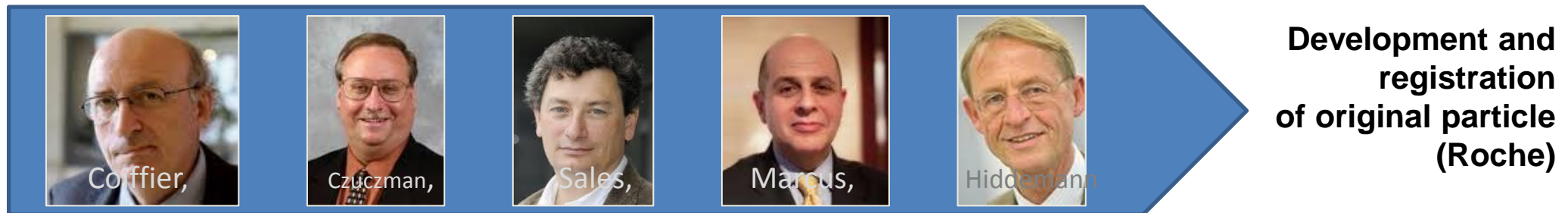
Prof. Wojciech Jurczak MD,PhD

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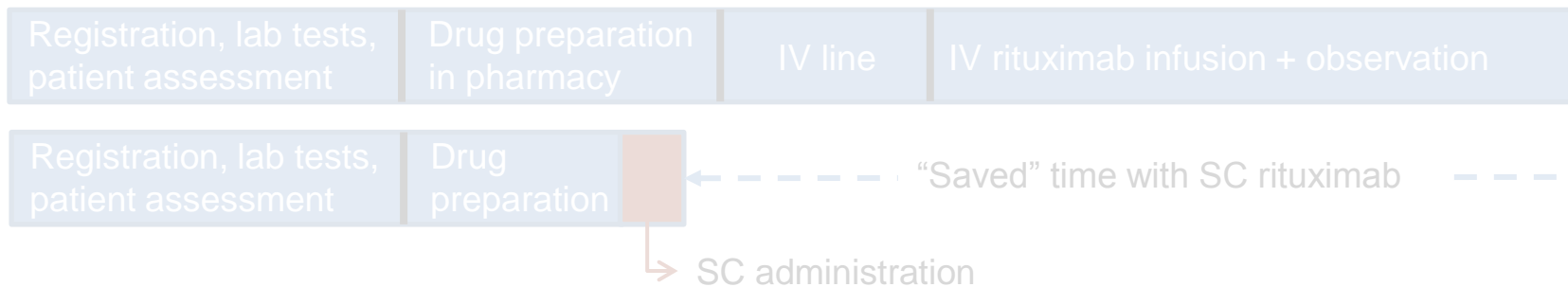
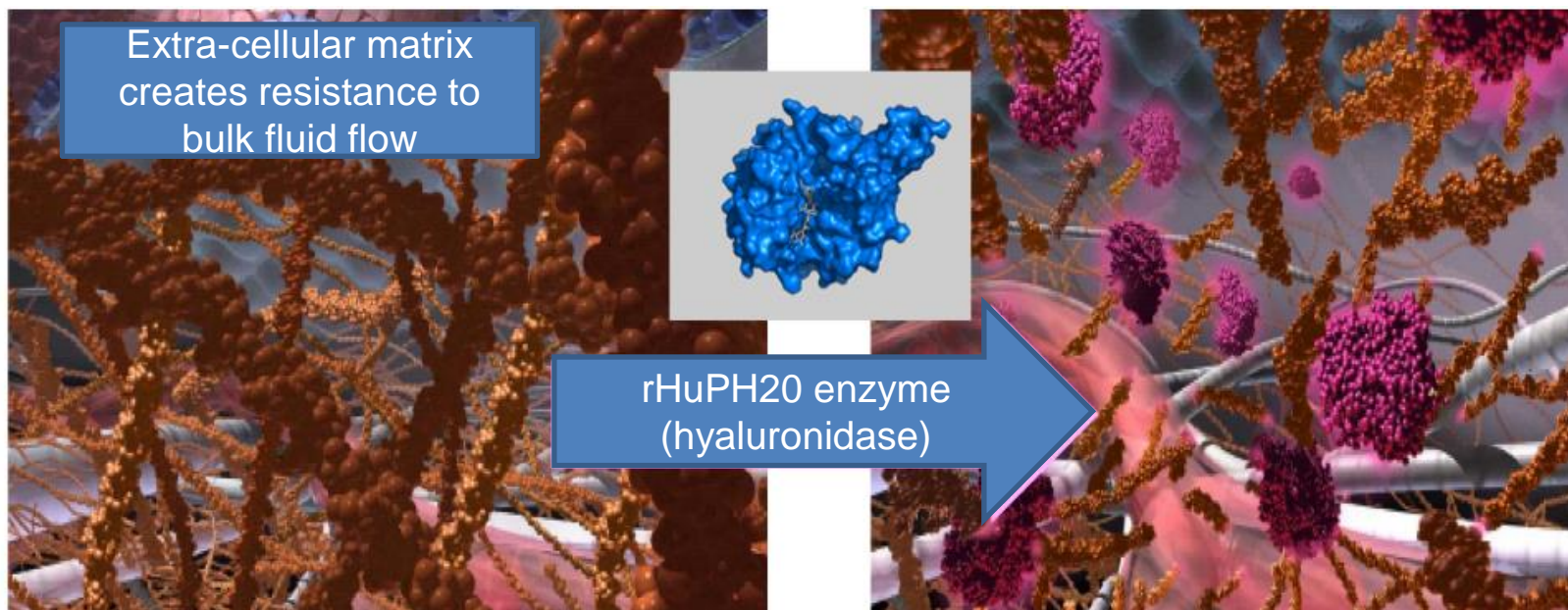


Przeciwciała monoklonalne w leczeniu chłoniaków

- wszystko zaczęło się od Rytuksymabu



Jedyną konkurencją dla biosymularów Rytuksymabu jest ... poskórna postać Rytuksymabu

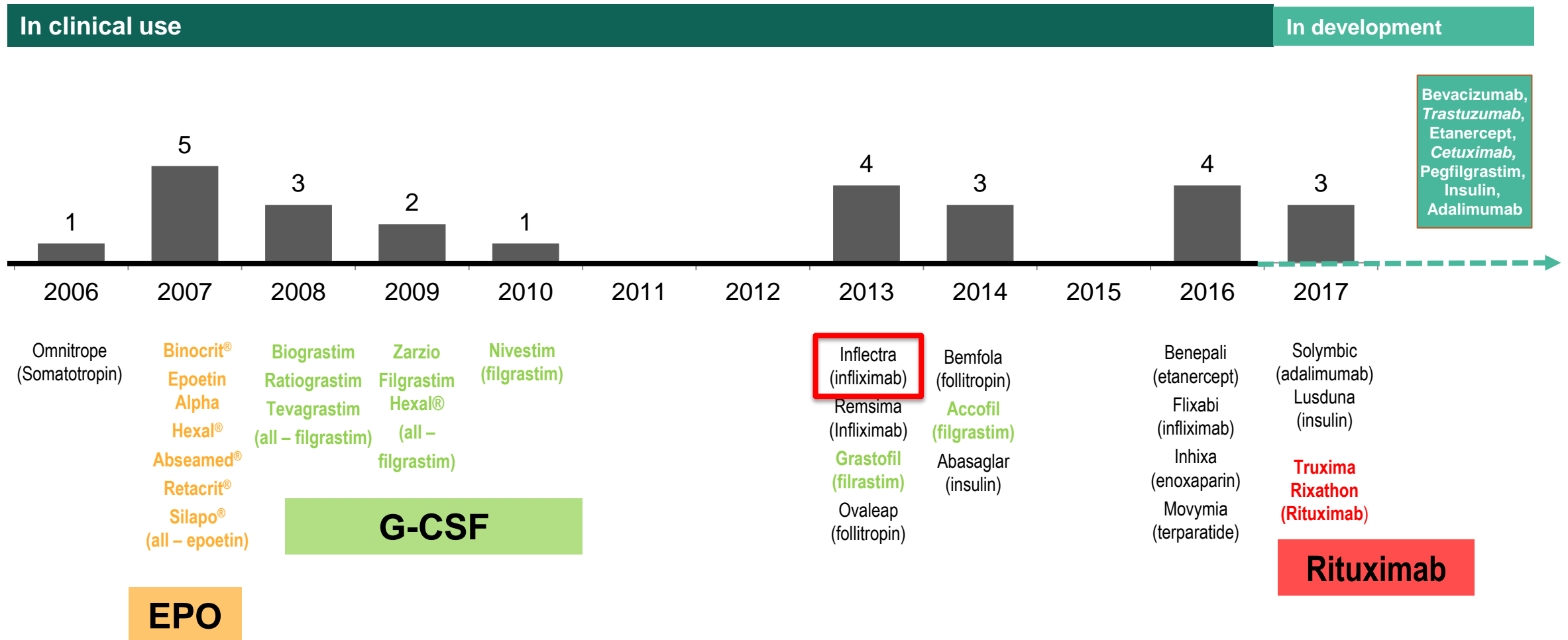


IV: intravenous; SC; subcutaneous.

Based on: Aguiar-Bujanda D et al. *Cancer Manag Res.* 2015;7:319–330.

Prof. Wojciech Jurczak MD, PhD

Biosymilary zarejestrowane przez EMA



G-CSF: Granulocyte-colony stimulating factor; EMA: European Medicines Agency; EPO: epoetin.

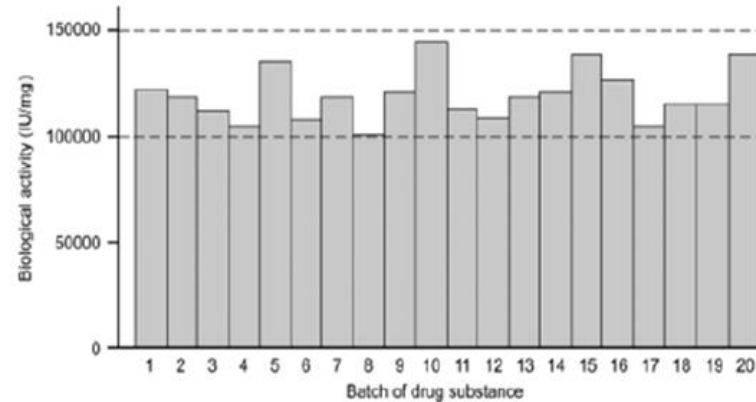
EMA website. <http://www.ema.europa.eu/ema/>. Accessed 7 June 2017

Prof. Wojciech Jurczak MD, PhD

Każda wytworzona partia leków biologicznych, różni się nieznacznie



- „Non-identity“ is a normal principle in biotechnology.
- No batch of any biological is „identical“ to the others



- The „art“ is to demonstrate that the biosimilar is as close as possible to its reference product in all relevant functional and structural aspects, within current technical and scientific limitations (inherent variability)

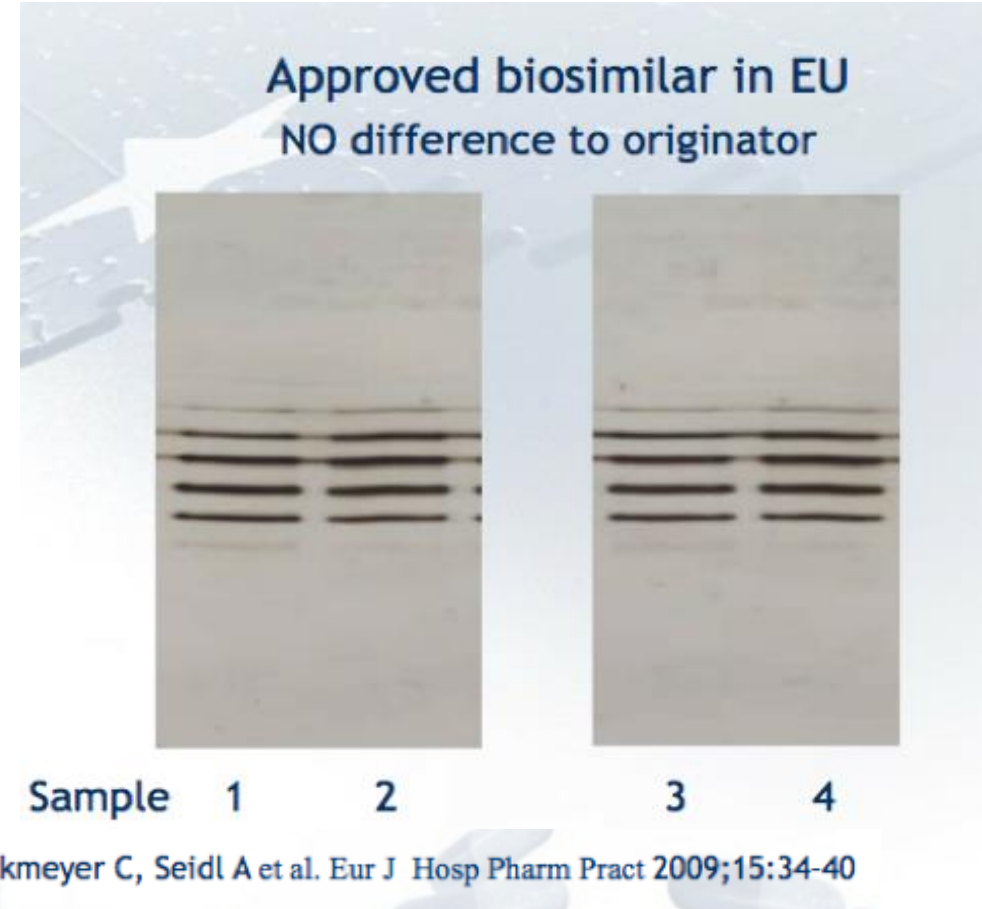
Lekarze nie są informowani o zmianach leku biologicznego, po jego rejestracji



Changes include e.g.

- Change in the supplier of a cell culture media
- New purification methods
- New manufacturing sites

Ścieżka rejestracji biosymularów EMA/ FDA

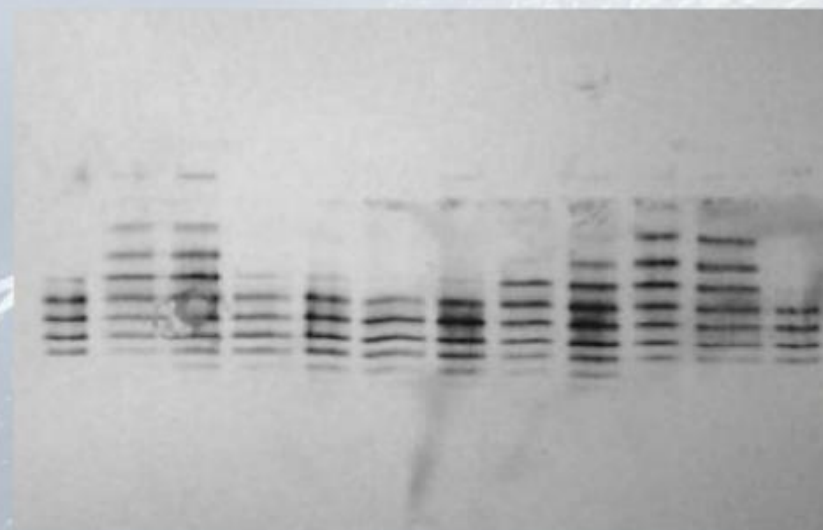


“Copy-biologic”

Epoetin biosimilar	Aggregates (%)
Epoetin alfa (Eprex specification)	< 1*
Epocim	
1	< 1
2	2.4
Epokine	
1	1.7
2	1.7
3	> 4
4	< 1
5	< 1
6	1.5
Eporon	> 4
Epoyet	> 4
Espogen	
1	< 1
2	< 1
3	< 1
4	< 1
5	< 1
6	N/A
Eposino	1.8
Gerepo	> 4
Hemapo	< 1
Hemax	
1	> 4
2	> 4
3	> 4
4	> 4
Hypercrit	> 4
Renogen	> 4
Vintor	
1	> 4
2	> 4
Wepox	
1	> 4
2	> 4
Zyrop	
1	> 4
2	> 4



Non comparable copy biologics ≠ biosimilars
NOT similar to Reference E



Sample E IA IB IIA IIB IIIA IIIB IV V VII VIII E

Schellekens H et al. Eur J Hosp Pharm Pract 2004;3:43-7

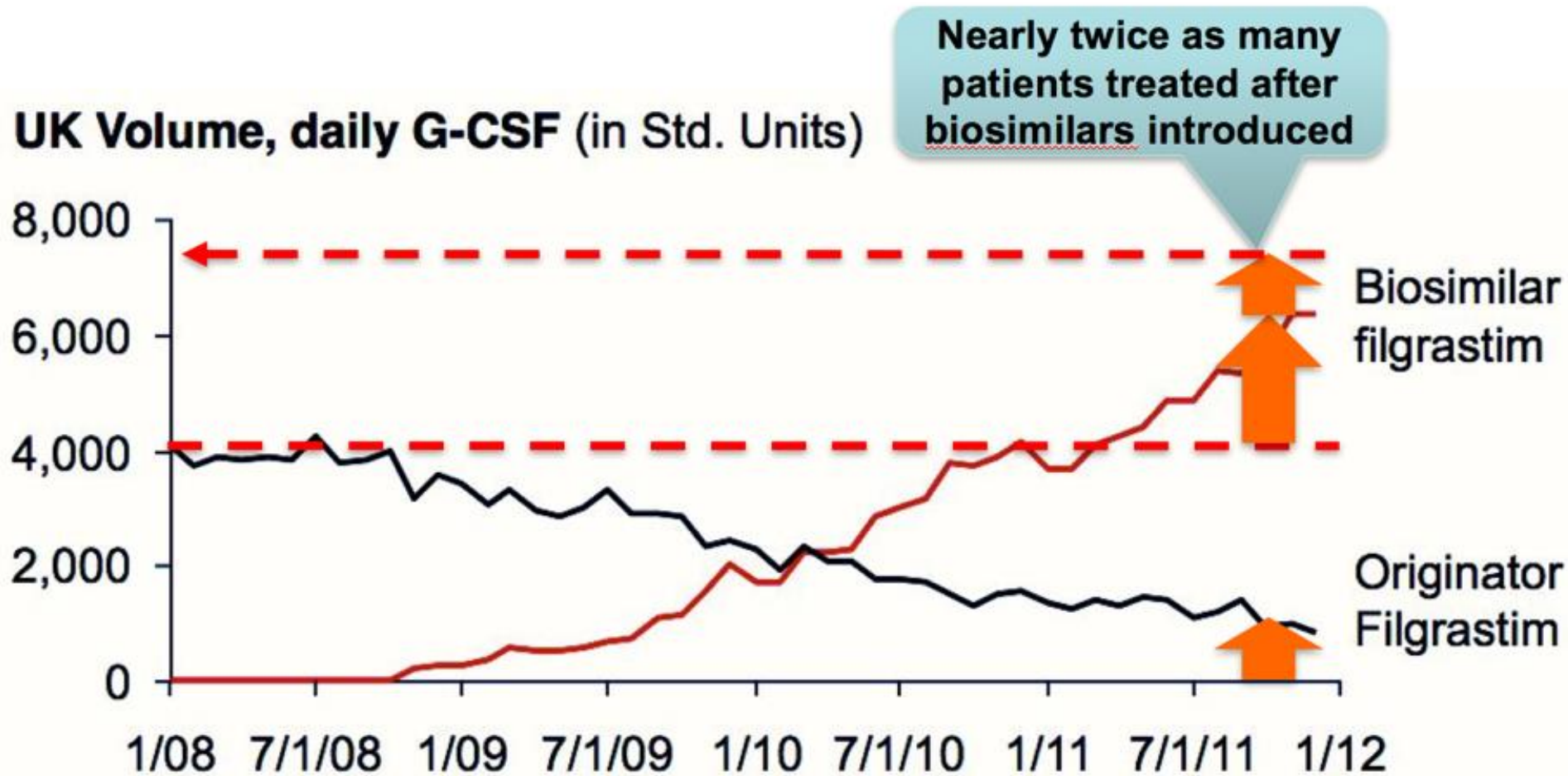
Rejestracja biosymilarów przynosi znaczne oszczędności



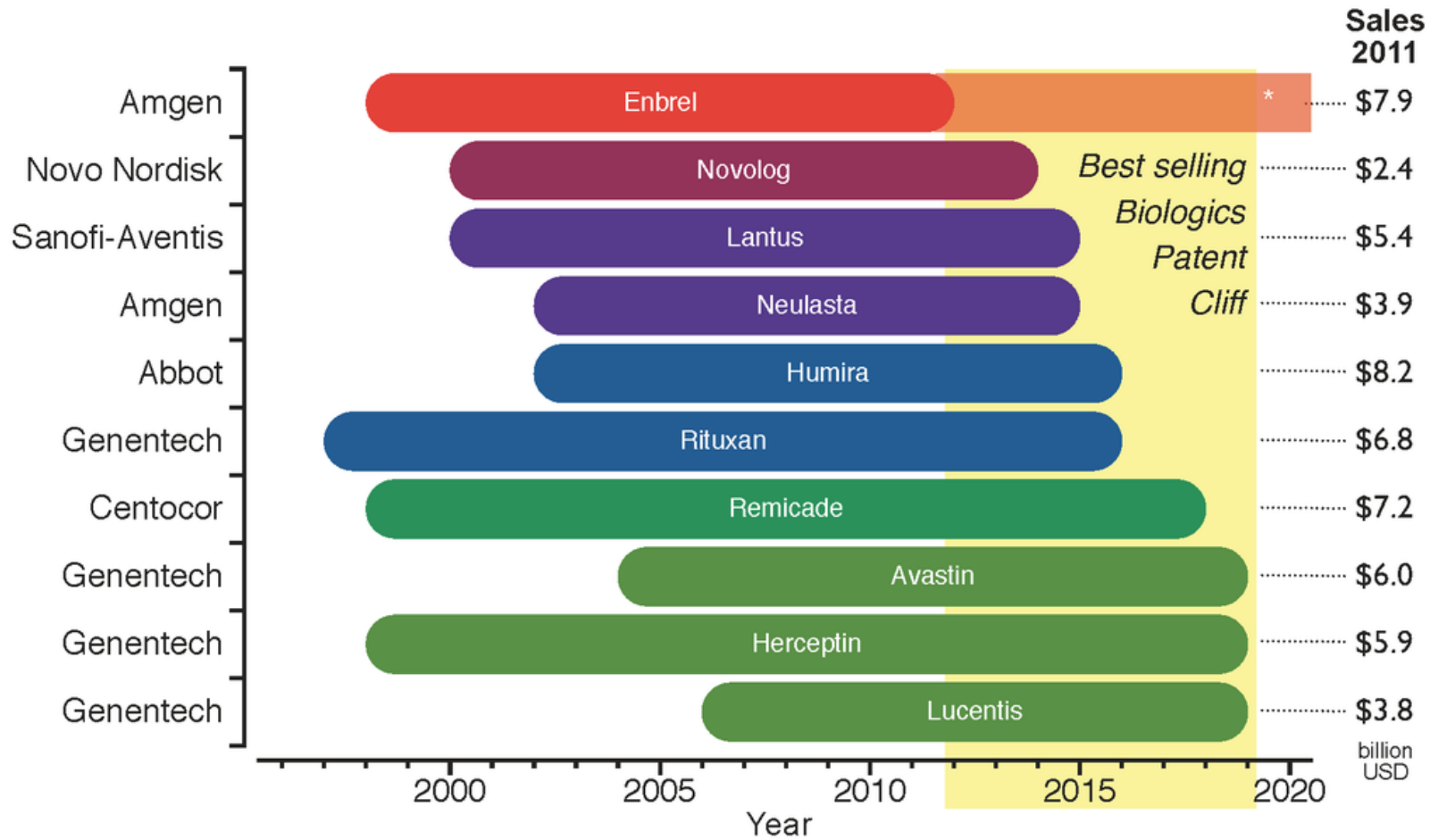
“Biosimilars – similar but not identical”



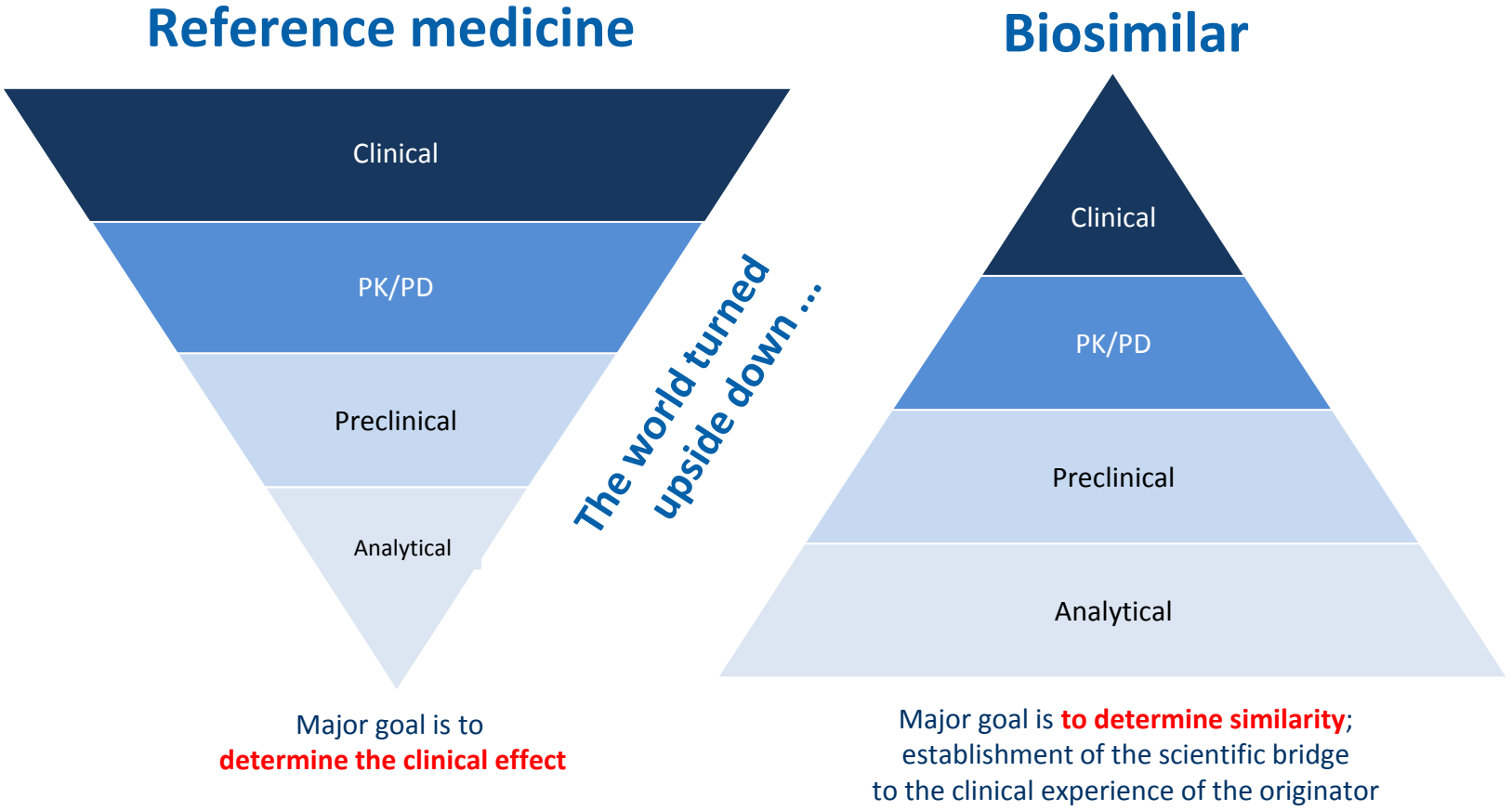
Rejestracja biosymularów zwiększa dostępność leku



W najbliższych latach większość leków biologicznych, będzie miała swoje biosymilary



Różnice pomiędzy rejestracją leku oryginalnego i biosymilarnego



In the end, both approaches provide the same level of confidence with regard to safety and efficacy of the medicine

Różnice pomiędzy rejestracją leku oryginalnego i biosymilaru

	Originator	Biosimilar
Patient population	Any	Sensitive and homogeneous
Clinical design	Superiority versus standard of care	Comparative versus innovator (therapeutic equivalence studies)
Study endpoints	Clinical outcomes data (OS & PFS) or accepted/established surrogates	Pharmacokinetic and Pharmacodynamic markers; objective response rate (RR)
Safety	Acceptable risk/benefit profile versus standard of care	Similar safety profile to innovator
Immunogenicity	Acceptable risk/benefit profile versus standard of care	Similar immunogenicity profile to innovator
Extrapolation	Not allowed	Possible if justified

prIME Podcast Series 2013: A Focus on Biosimilar Antibodies, Reference Slidk [online]. Available at: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=VwNWUzyuJuw> [Accessed 2016 March 22].

Biosimilar Rytuksymabu

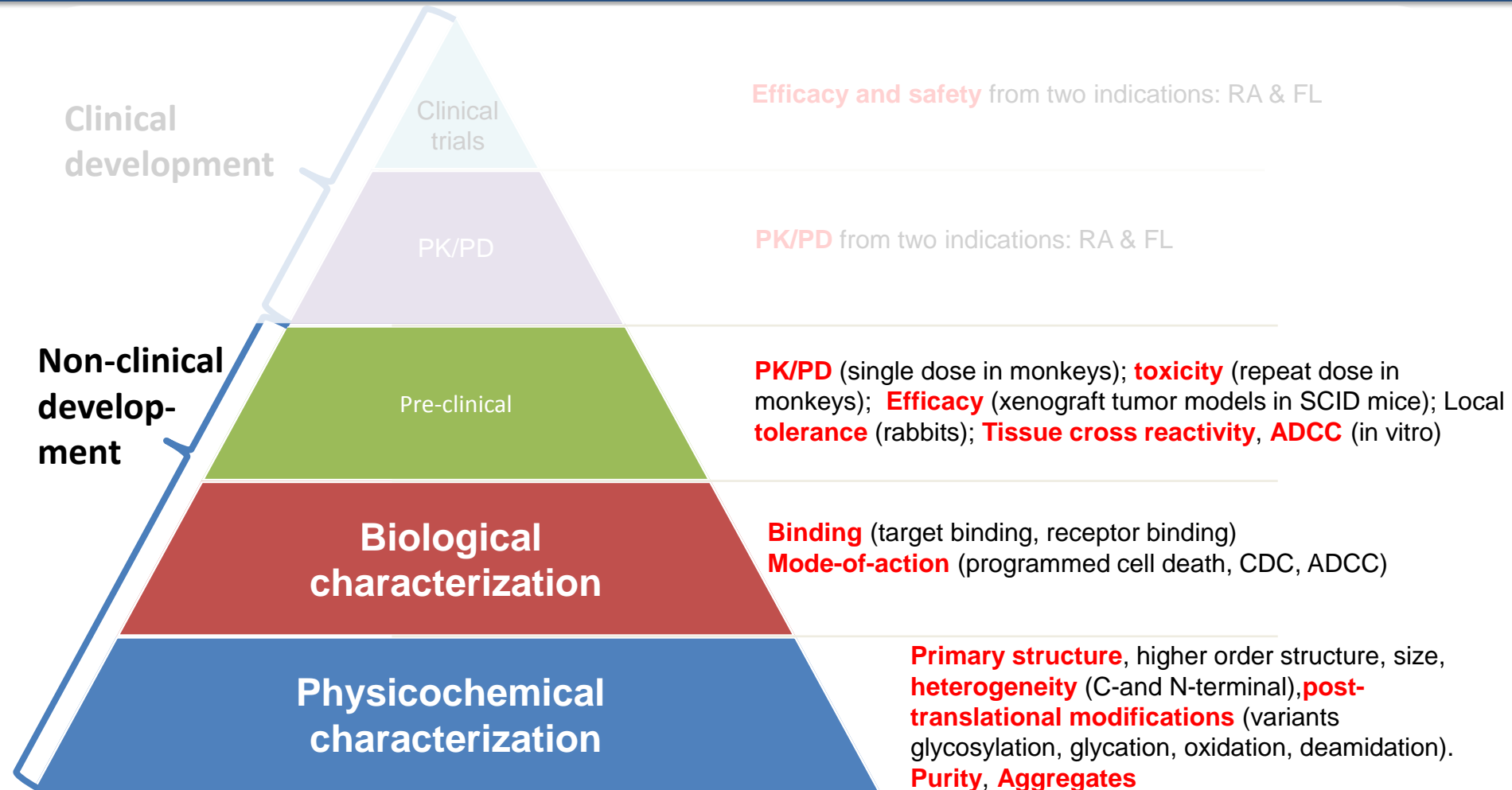


CT-P10
Registered by EMA



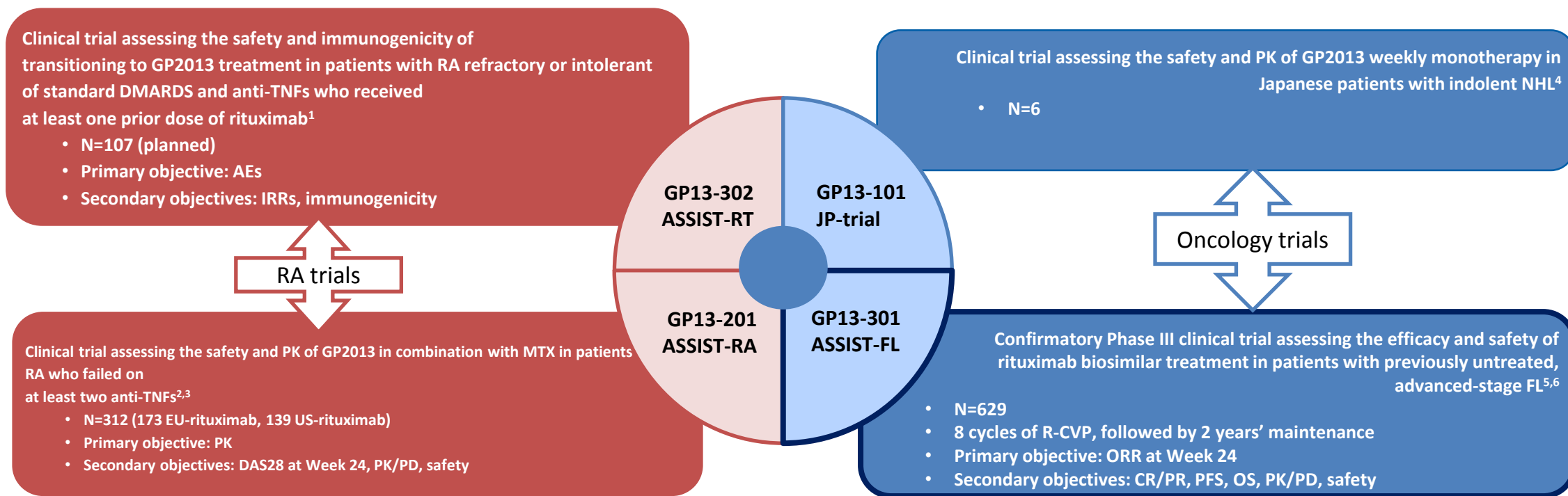
GP2013
Being assessed by EMA

Rejestracja biosymularów Rytusymabu



ADCC, antibody-dependent cellular cytotoxicity; CDC, complement-dependent cytotoxicity; FL, follicular lymphoma; PD, pharmacodynamics; PK, pharmacokinetics; RA, rheumatoid arthritis; SCID, severe combined immunodeficiency

Badania kliniczne z GP2013



Total safety data: c. 1000 patients (500 receiving GP2013), efficacy data: 312 (RA) + 629 (FL) patients

AE, adverse event; CR, complete response; CVP, cyclophosphamide, vincristine, prednisolone; DAS, disease activity score; FL, follicular lymphoma; IRR, infusion-related reaction; JP, Japanese patients; MTX, methotrexate; NHL, non-Hodgkin's lymphoma; ORR, overall response rate; OS, overall survival; PD, pharmacodynamics; PFS, progression-free survival; PK, pharmacokinetics; PR, partial response; R, rituximab; RA, rheumatoid arthritis; TNF, tumor necrosis factor
 1. Clinicaltrials.gov (NCT02514772); 2. Clinicaltrials.gov (NCT01274182); 3. Smolen et al. Ann Rheum Dis 2017;76:1598–1602; 4. Clinicaltrials.gov (NCT01933516); 5. Clinicaltrials.gov (NCT01419665); 6. Jurczak W, et al. Lancet Haematol 2017 Jul 13 [Epub ahead of print]

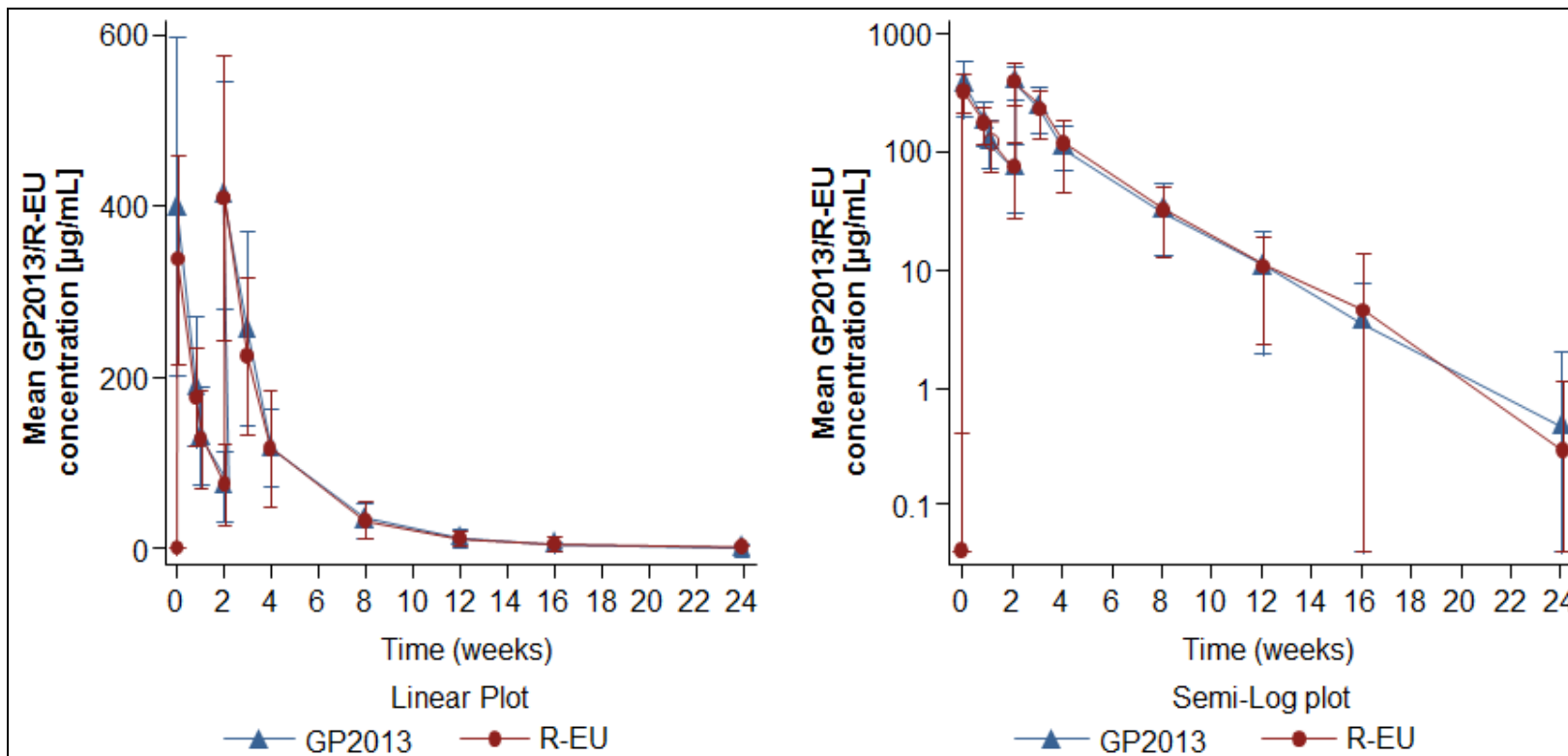
Badania Kliniczne z CTP-10

Study	Indication	Primary Endpoint	Sample size	Status
1.1 1.3 (1.1 Extension Study)	RA	PK equivalence Long term safety and efficacy	154 58	Completed
3.2	RA	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Part 1: PK equivalence Part 2: Therapeutic equivalence 	372	Study Ongoing Week 48 results available
3.3	AFL	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Part 1: PK equivalence Part 2: Therapeutic non-inferiority 	140	Study Ongoing Week 24 results available
3.4	LTBFL	Therapeutic equivalence	174**	Recruiting

Safety Data: 650 (325 in CT-P10), Efficacy data: 372 (RA)+ 140 (FL)

Farmakokinytyka - ($AUC_{(0-inf)}$)- (PAS)

Arithmetic mean (SD) serum PK concentration-time profile over 24 weeks by treatment (PK analysis set*)



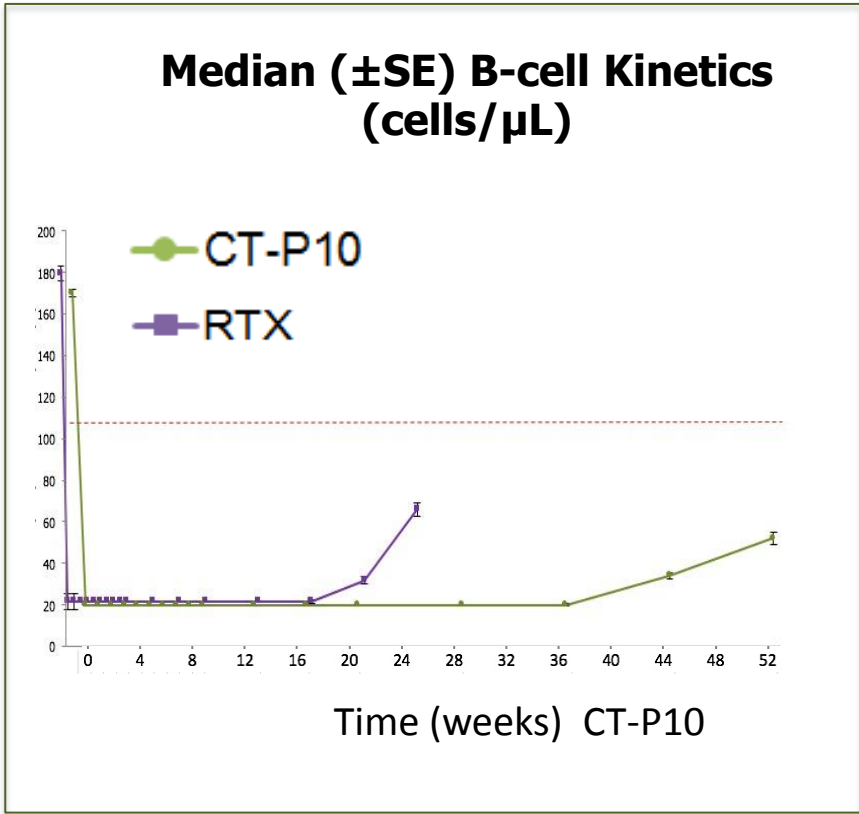
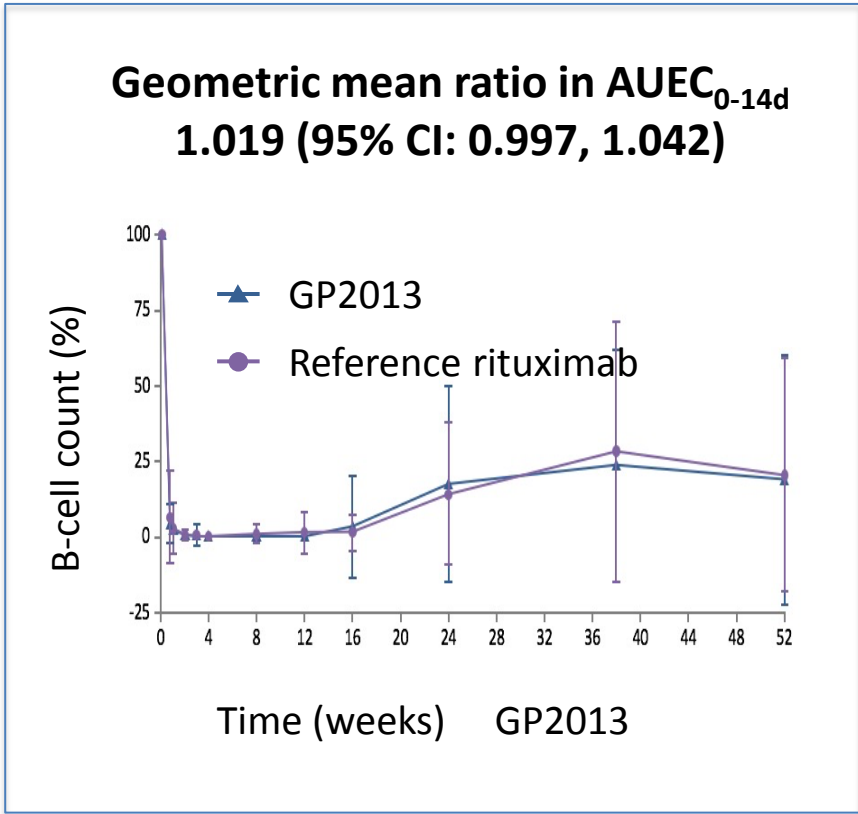
Serum concentration-time profiles for the two treatments were similar up to week 24

$AUC_{(0-inf)}$, The area under the concentration-time curve from time zero to infinity; FAS, full analysis set; PK, pharmacokinetics; SD, standard deviation
*The PK analysis set was a subset of the FAS and consisted of patients who did not have any major protocol deviations

Farmakodynamika (deplecja limfocytów B)



CT-P10 3.2 RA



Profil bezpieczeństwa GP2013

n (%)	GP2013 (n=86)	Rituximab reference (n=87)
Deaths	1 (1.16)	0 (0.0)
Other non-fatal SAEs	10 (11.63)	14 (16.09)
Leading to discontinuation	2 (2.33)	4 (4.60)
Any AE	56 (65.1)	57 (65.5)
Leading to study drug discontinuation	2 (2.33)	3 (3.45)
AEs by most frequent SOCs		
Infections and infestations	27 (31.4)	31 (35.6)
Musculoskeletal	16 (18.6)	14 (16.1)
Gastrointestinal disorders	13 (15.1)	15 (17.2)
General disorders	12 (14.0)	9 (10.3)
Skin and subcut. tissue	9 (10.5)	11 (12.6)
Injury and poisoning	9 (10.5)	11 (12.6)
Resp., thoracic, mediastinal	7 (8.1)	12 (13.8)
Vascular disorders	7 (8.1)	10 (11.5)
Nervous system disorders	7 (8.1)	10 (11.5)
Potential infusion related reaction	32 (37.2)	37 (42.5)

Events, n (%)	CT-P10 (N=161)	US-RTX (N=151)	EU-RTX (N=60)	RTX (N=211)
AE	122 (75.8)	96 (63.6)	37 (61.7)	133 (63.0)
- Related	73 (45.3)	47 (31.1)	25 (41.7)	72 (34.1)
SAE	13 (8.1)	14 (9.3)	2 (3.3)	16 (7.6)
- Related	0	5 (3.3)	1 (1.7)	6 (2.8)
Infection	61 (37.9)	53 (35.1)	17 (28.3)	70 (33.2)
- Related	27 (16.8)	25 (16.6)	6 (10.0)	31 (14.7)
IRR	33 (20.5)	12 (7.9)	13 (21.7)	25 (11.8)
Malignancy	0	2 (1.3)	1 (1.7)	3 (1.4)
Discontinuation due to AEs	3 (1.9)	7 (4.6)	2 (3.3)	9 (4.3)
- Related	2 (1.2)	5 (3.3)	1 (1.7)	6 (2.8)

MADRID
2017

ESMO

congress

ESMO 2017

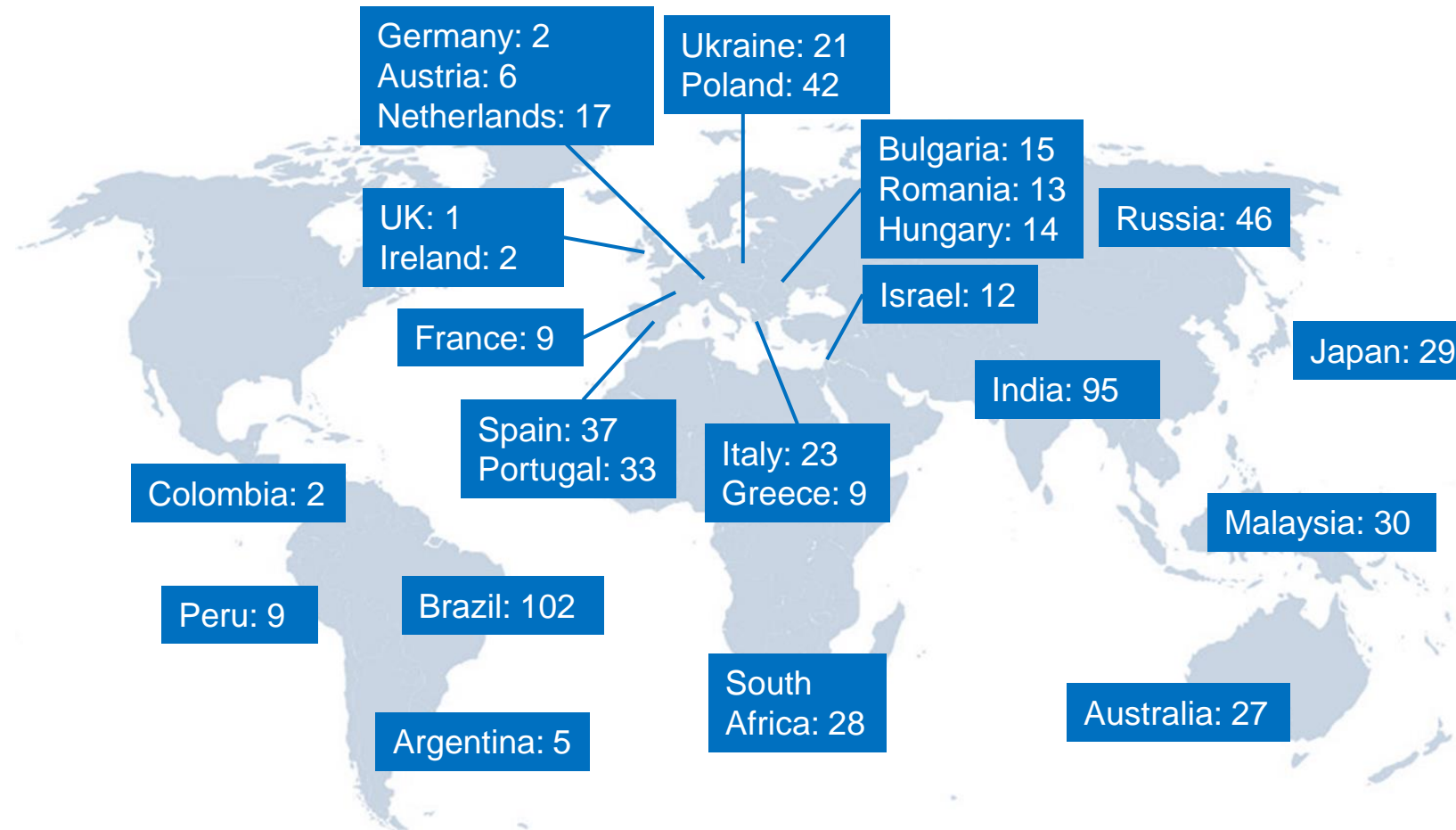
IN PARTNERSHIP WITH EACR

MADRID SPAIN
8-12 SEPTEMBER 2017

Equivalent Efficacy of a Biosimilar Rituximab and Reference Rituximab in Previously Untreated Advanced Follicular Lymphoma: Extended Results of ASSIST-FL, a Confirmatory Phase III Study

Wojciech Jurczak; Ilidia Moreira; Kanaka Setty Govindbabu; Eduardo Munhoz; Maria-Asuncion Echeveste; Pratyush Giri; Nelson Castro; Juliana Pereira; Luiza Akria; Sergey Alexeev; Dzhilil Osmanov; Peijuan Zhu; Siyka Alexandrova; Angela Zobel; Olof Harlin; Jutta Amersdorffer

(GP13-301): 629 chorych, w 22 krajach



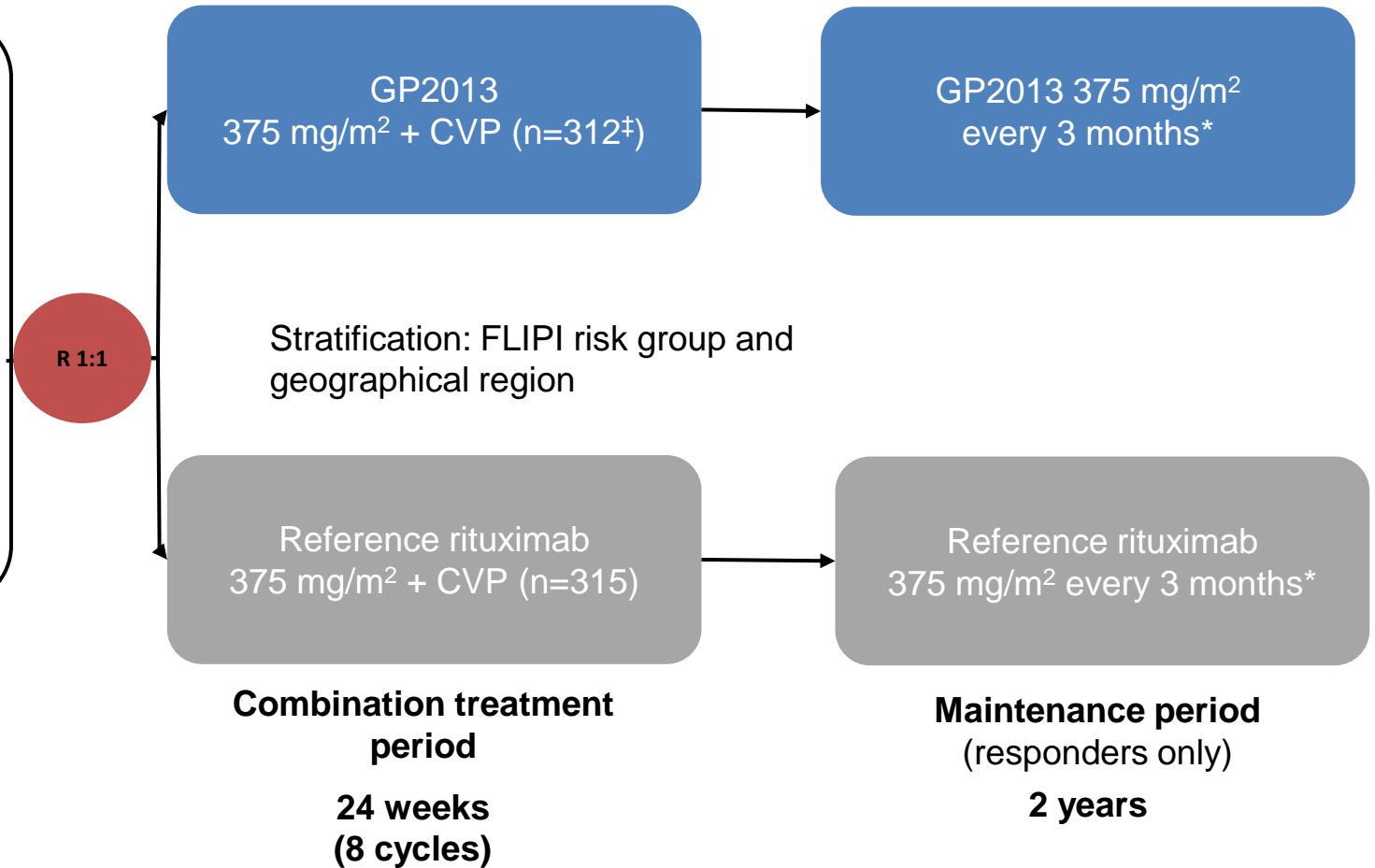
N=629

- ≥18 years of age
- Treatment-naïve, advanced-stage, CD20-positive, stage III/IV FL (Ann Arbor classification)
- WHO histologic grade 1, 2 or 3a FL
- At least one measurable lesion
- ECOG performance status 0–2

Screening ≤28 days

*2 patients were mis-randomized;

*Except in Italy, where maintenance therapy was administered every 2 months
CVP, cyclophosphamide, vincristine, prednisone; ECOG, Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group; FL, follicular lymphoma; FLIPI, Follicular Lymphoma International Prognostic Index; WHO, World Health Organization



Cele badania

Efficacy

- **Efficacy assessments:**
 - **primary endpoint:**
 - **Overall response rate (ORR)**
 - **Secondary endpoints:**
 - Complete response (CR)
 - Partial response (PR)
 - Progression free survival (PFS)
 - Overall survival (OS)

Safety

(secondary endpoints)

- **Safety assessments:** AEs, SAEs, with their severity and relationship to study drug, pregnancies, monitoring of hematology, blood chemistry and urine, vital signs, performance status, ECG, and body weight
- **Immunogenicity:** ADA formation

PK/PD

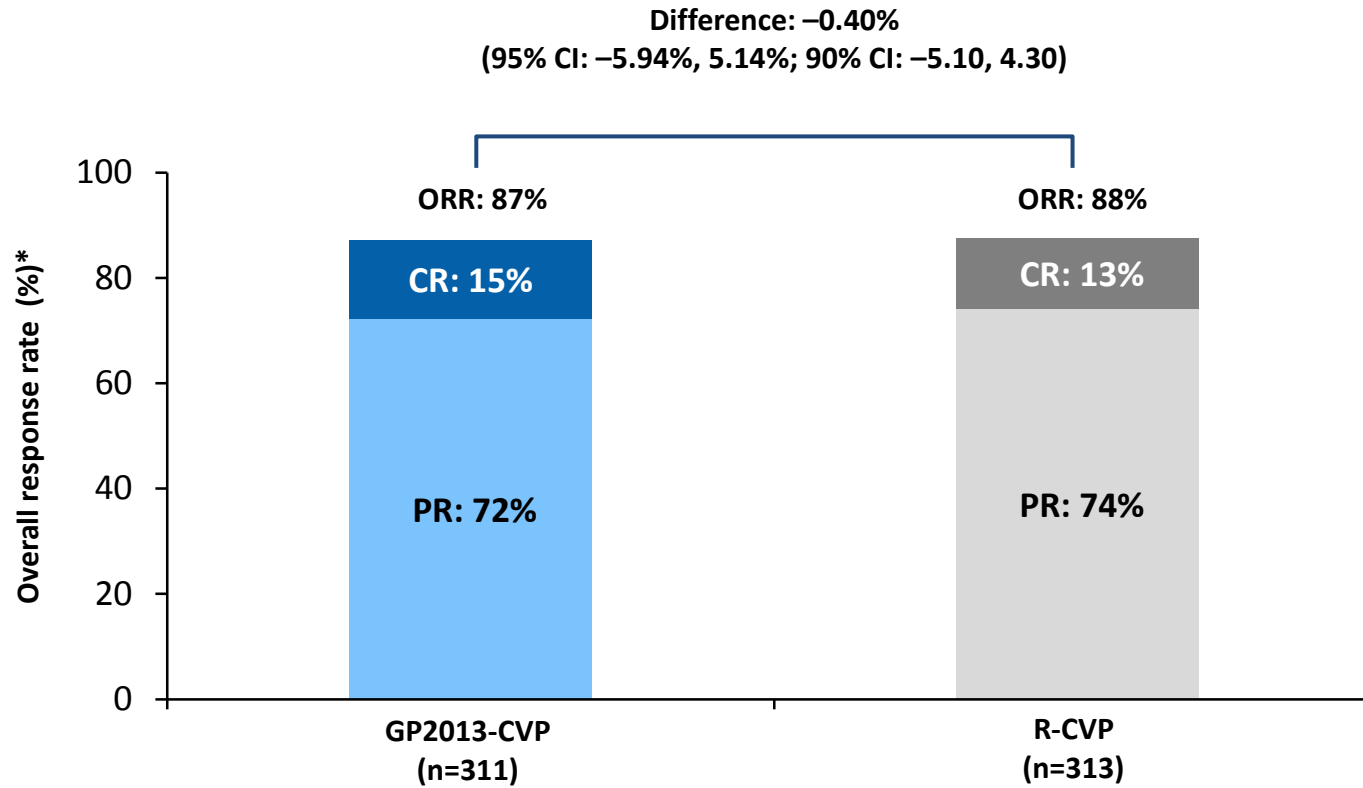
(secondary endpoints)

- **PK:** C_{max} , C_{trough} , $AUC_{(0-t)}$, and AUC_{all}
- **PD:** peripheral CD19+ B cell counts (absolute and relative to baseline) and $AUEC_{(0-21)}$ in Cycle 1

CT-P10 3.3 AFL

*PK being the primary target, **ORR the secondary target***

ORR - cel pierwszorzędowy

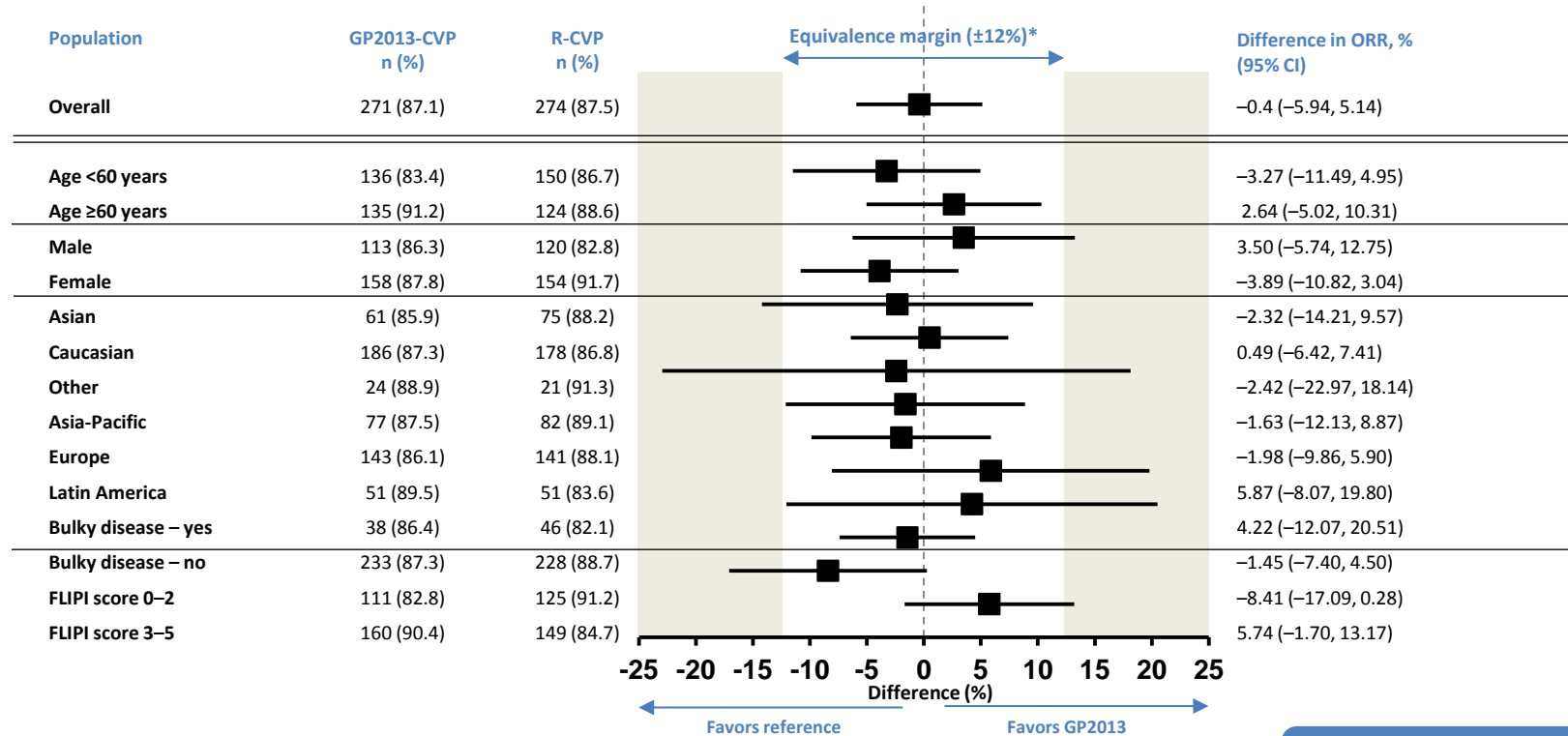


The primary endpoint was met, with equivalence demonstrated in ORR for GP2013 and reference rituximab when combined with CVP

Both 95% and 90% CI lay entirely within predefined margin of equivalence (-12% to +12%)

*Centrally-assessed ORR in the per-protocol population (all patients who received at least one (partial or complete) dose of investigational treatment and who did not have any major protocol deviations)
CI, confidence interval; CR, complete response; CVP, cyclophosphamide, vincristine, prednisone; PR, partial response; ORR, overall response rate; R-CVP, rituximab-CVP

Analiza ORR w podgrupach chorych



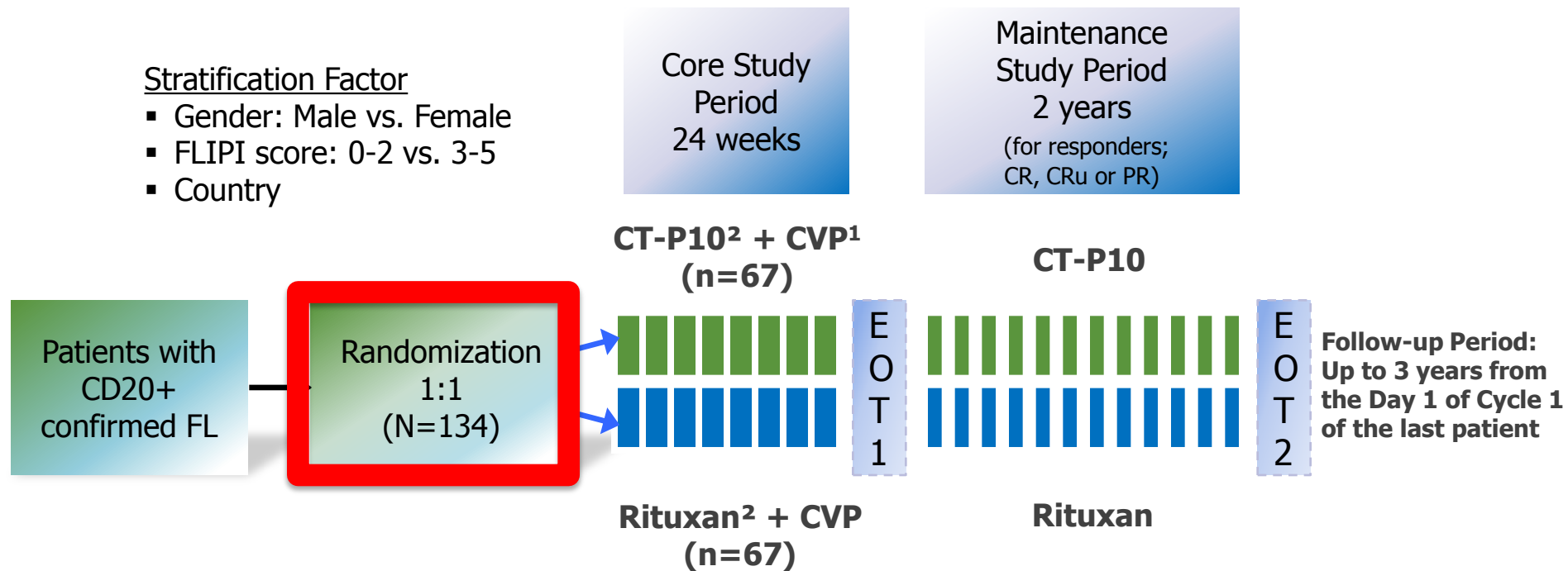
CVP, cyclophosphamide, vincristine, prednisone; FLIPI, Follicular Lymphoma International Prognostic Index; ORR, overall response rate; R-CVP, rituximab-CVP

*The predefined equivalence margin was powered only for the primary endpoint of overall response rate in the full population, and not for subgroup analyses



CT-P10 3.2 RA

prospektywne, randomizowane badanie fazy III



1. CVP: Cyclophosphamide 750 mg/m², Vincristine 1.4 mg/m² [max 2mg], Prednisone or prednisolone 40 mg/m²

2. Rituximab: 375 mg/m² (Core study: 3-weekly, Maintenance study: every 2 months)

Abbreviations: FL, Follicular Lymphoma; EOT, End of Treatment; FLIPI, Follicular Lymphoma International Prognostic Index

ITT Population			
Response	CT-P10 (N=70)	Rituxan (N=70)	Difference [lower bound of 95% CI]
ORR¹	67 (95.7%)	63 (90.0%)	5.7% [-3.41%]
CR	21 (30.0%)	15 (21.4%)	-
CRu	6 (8.6%)	8 (11.4%)	-
PR	40 (57.1%)	40 (57.1%)	-

**The difference between the groups lies on the positive side of -7%.
lower bound of 95% CI of differences lies on the positive side of -7%.**

- 1** **ORR** with GP2013 and CT-P10 equivalent to reference rituximab
- 2** **PK (C_{max})** of GP2013 and CT-P10 equivalent to reference rituximab
- 3** Medians not yet reached for PFS and OS
- 4** **PD (B-cell depletion)** with GP2013 and CT-P10 equivalent to reference rituximab
- 5** **No clinical meaningful differences** between GP2013 or CT-P10 and reference rituximab in safety, tolerability or immunogenicity
- 6** **Registered by EMA**

17 lipca 2017 był ważną datą dla rozwoju biosymularów

[Research on Biosimilars: pivotal trials and principles](#)

Wojciech Jurczak, Arnold G Vulto, Jutta Amersdorffer, Won S Kim, Bertrand Coiffier
The Lancet Haematology, Vol. 4, No. 9, e409–e410 Published: September, 2017

[Rituximab biosimilar and reference rituximab in patients with previously untreated advanced follicular lymphoma \(ASSIST-FL\): primary results from a confirmatory phase 3, double-blind, randomised, controlled study](#)

Wojciech Jurczak, Ilídia Moreira, Govind Babu Kanakasetty, Eduardo Munhoz, Maria Asunción Echeveste, Pratyush Giri, and others
The Lancet Haematology, Vol. 4, No. 8, e350–e361 Published: July 13, 2017

[Rituximab biosimilars: introduction into clinical practice](#)

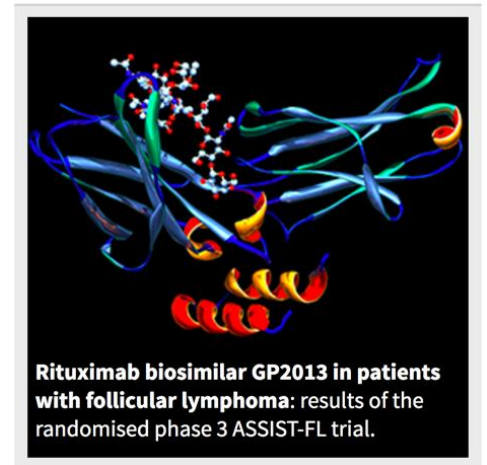
Shinichi Makita, Kensei Tobinai
The Lancet Haematology, Vol. 4, No. 8, e342–e343 Published: July 13, 2017

[Efficacy, pharmacokinetics, and safety of the biosimilar CT-P10 compared with rituximab in patients with previously untreated advanced-stage follicular lymphoma: a randomised, double-blind, parallel-group, non-inferiority phase 3 trial](#)

Won Seog Kim, Christian Buske, Michinori Ogura, **Wojciech Jurczak**, Juan-Manuel Sancho, Edvard Zhavrid, and others
The Lancet Haematology, Vol. 4, No. 8, e362–e373 Published: July 13, 2017



Editor's Choice

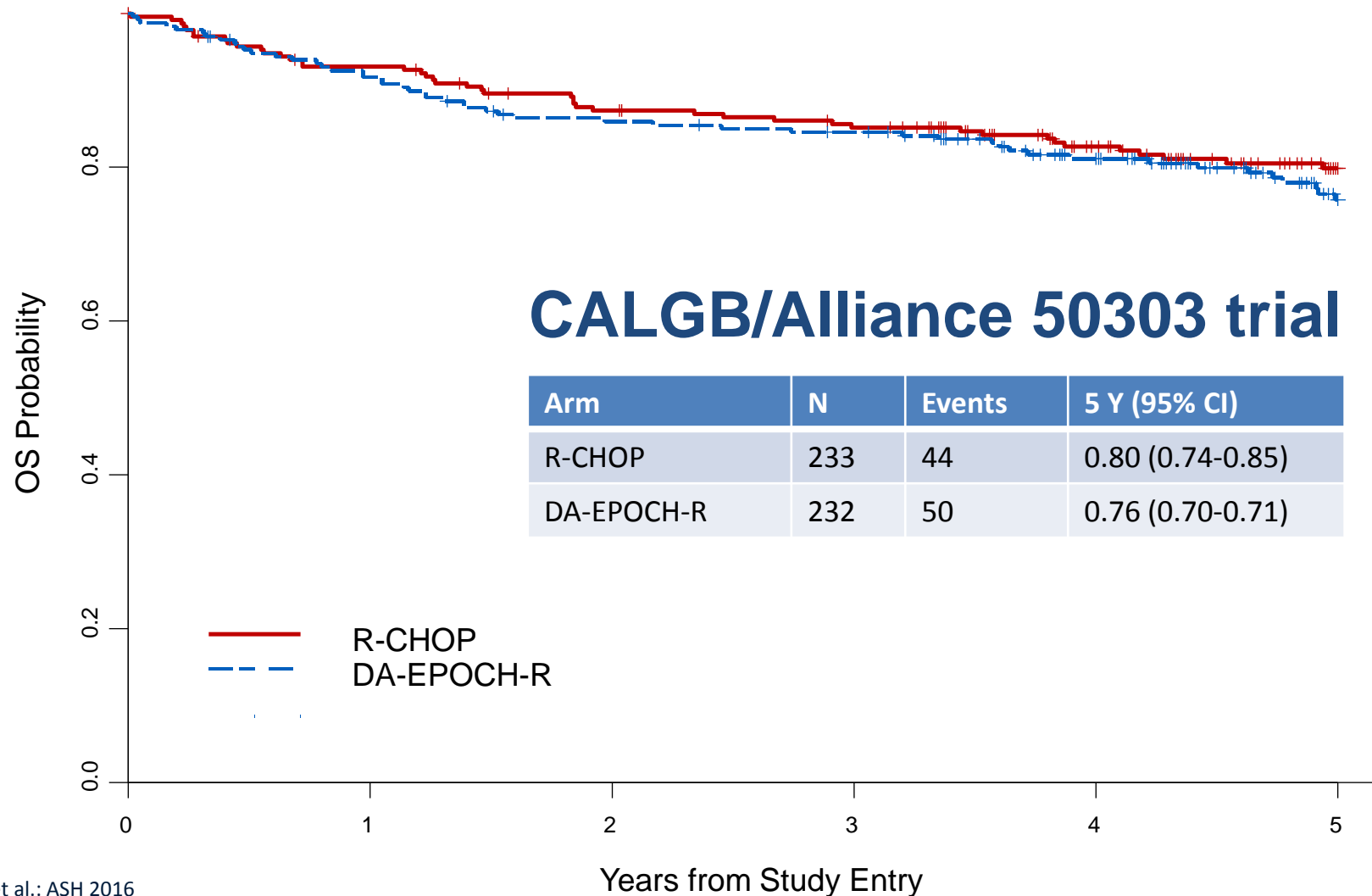


Rytuksymab jest niezaprzeczalnym standardem leczenia I linii chłoniaków B-komórkowych

Lymphoma Subtype	I line induction	I line maintenance
Aggresive Lymphomas	<i>yes</i>	<i>No</i>
MCL	<i>yes</i>	<i>yes</i>
Indolent lymphomas	<i>yes</i>	<i>?</i>
CLL	<i>yes</i>	<i>yes</i>

With new MoAb and small particles, Rituximab role in relapsing / refractory NHL may be disputable

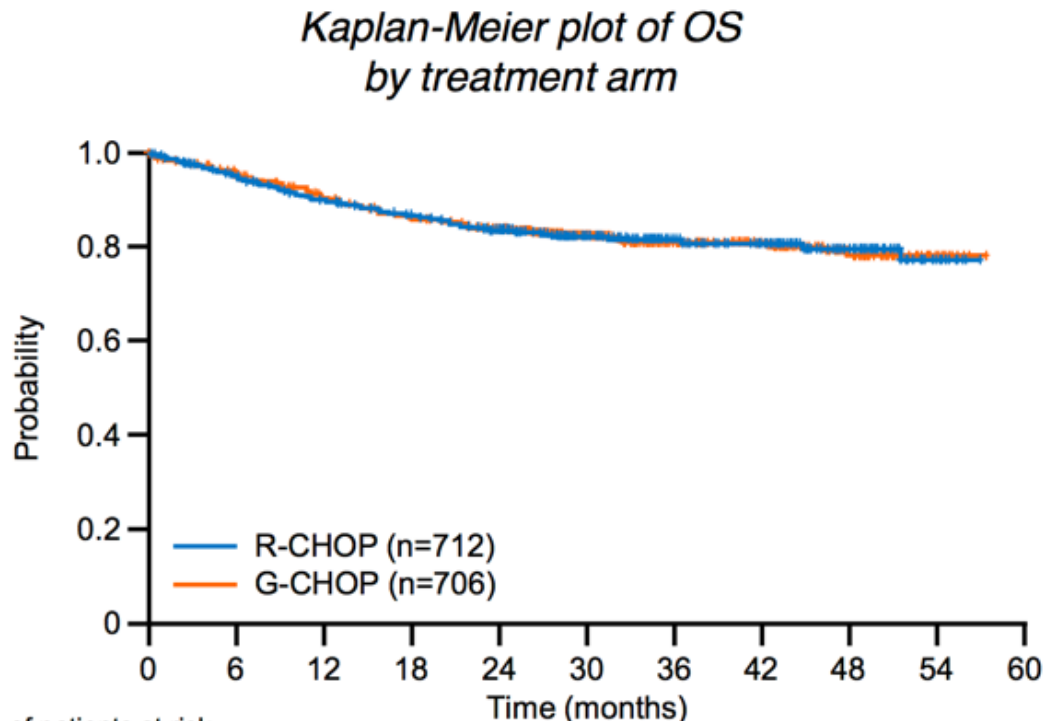
Rytuksymab jest "A Great Equaliser" dla różnych schematów chemioterapii



Chemioterapia może być “A Great Equaliser” dla różnych przeciwciał monoklonalnych

Rituximab
Obinutuzumab
MOR 208 ?

OS in previously untreated DLBCL patients (GALLIUM trial)



No. of patients at risk		0	6	12	18	24	30	36	42	48	54	60
R-CHOP	712	663	617	586	540	319	190	138	71	9		
G-CHOP	706	659	616	582	552	316	201	138	67	8		

	R-CHOP, n=712	G-CHOP, n=706
Pts with event, n (%)	126 (17.7)	126 (17.8)
1-yr OS, %	89.9	90.7
2-yr OS, %	83.7	83.9
3-yr OS, %	81.4	81.2
HR (95% CI), p-value*	1.00 (0.78, 1.28), p=0.9982	

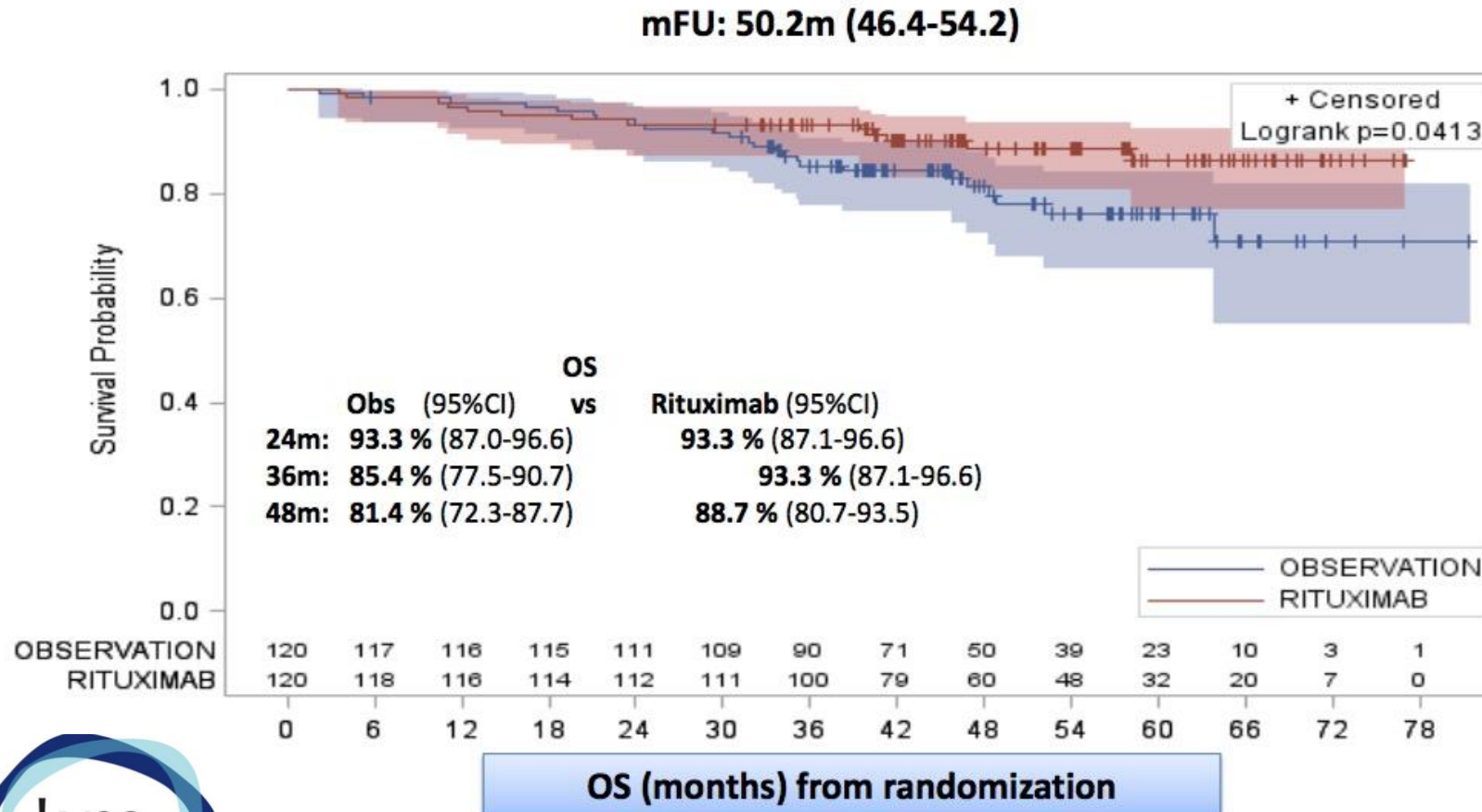
Median follow-up: 29 months



Rytuksymab jest standardem w leczeniu indukującym i podtrzymującym u chorych z MCL (#)

	Young Patients (<65)	Elderly Patients (>65)	“Compromised”
1st Line	Dose-intensified (R-CHOP + R-high dose Ara-C ASCT) + Rituximab Maintenance	Conventional Immunochemotherapy (eg, R-CHOP, VR-CAP, BR) + Rituximab maintenance	Best supportive care R-Chlorambucil, R-CVP, BR (dose reduced) + Rituximab maintenance
1st Relapse	Immunochemotherapy (eg, R-BAC, BR) or targeted approaches Discuss: Rituximab maintenance Allo-SCT	Immunochemotherapy (eg, R-BAC, BR) or targeted approaches Discuss: Rituximab maintenance Radioimmunotherapy Autologous SCT	Immunochemotherapy (eg, BR) or targeted approaches
Higher Relapse	Targeted approaches (Ibrutinib, Lenalidomide, Tamsirolimus, Bortezomib (preferably in Combinations); Alternatively – repeat previous therapy if in long remissions)		

MCL – wyniki randomizowanego badania LyMa (#)





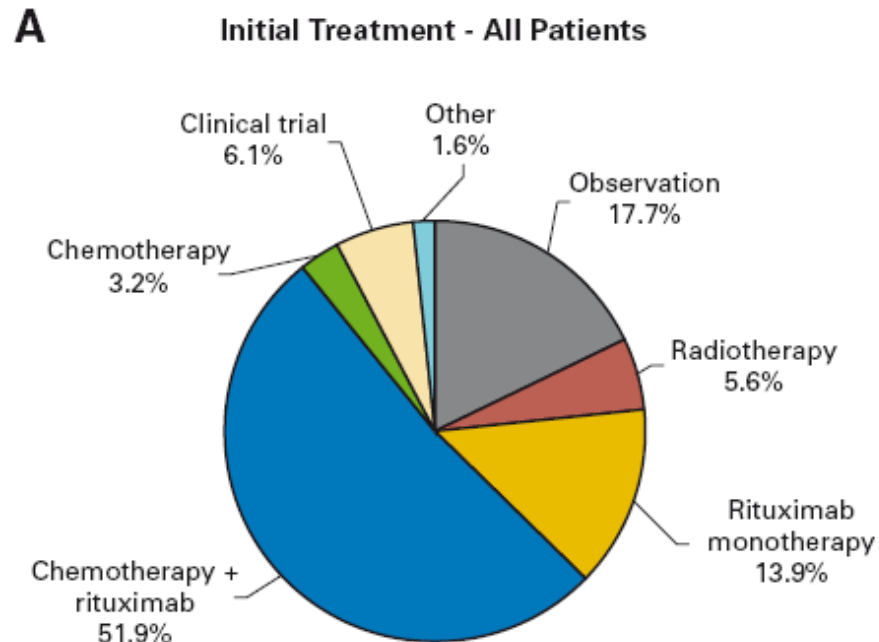
Chłoniaki Indolentne

W ciągu całego życia chorych poddaje się 5-8 liniom leczenia...



Chemioterapii bez przeciwciał monoklonalnych nie stosuje się już w praktyce klinicznej

USA clinical practice – SEER data
FL, N= 2728, years 2004-2007



Friedberg, et al.: JCO 2009

Prof. Wojciech Jurczak MD, PhD

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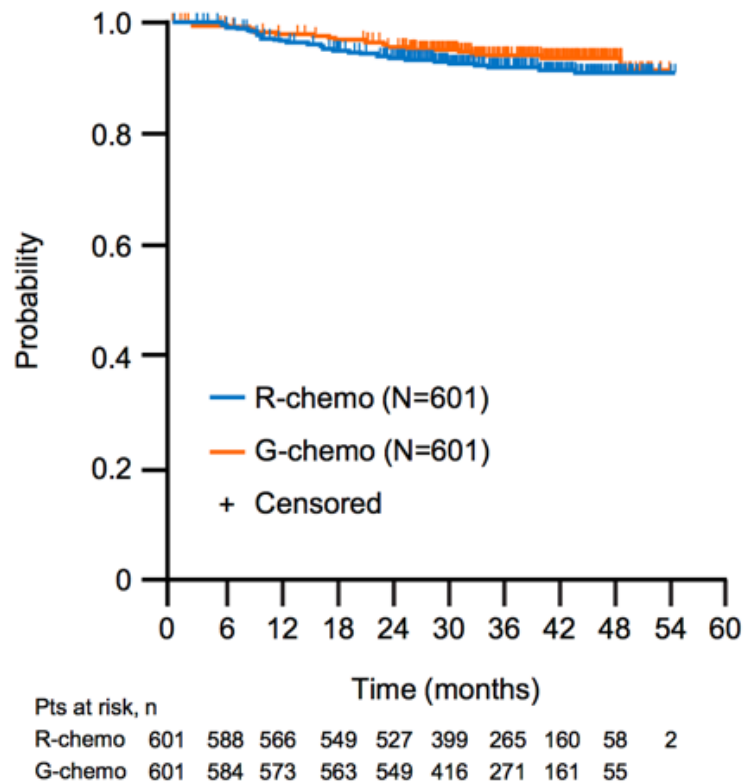
Standardem są różne schematy immuno-chemioterapii



Chemioterapia może być “A Great Equaliser” dla różnych przeciwciał monoklonalnych

Rituximab
Obinutuzumab
MOR 208 ?

OS in previously untreated FL patients (GALLIUM trial)



	<i>R-chemo</i> , <i>n=601</i>	<i>G-chemo</i> , <i>n=601</i>
Pts with event, n (%)	46 (7.7)	35 (5.8)
3-yr OS, % (95% CI)	92.1 (89.5, 94.1)	94.0 (91.6, 95.7)
HR (95% CI), p-value*	0.75 (0.49, 1.17), p=0.21	

Median follow-up: 34.5 months



Chemioterapia może być “A Great Equaliser” dla różnych przeciwciał monoklonalnych

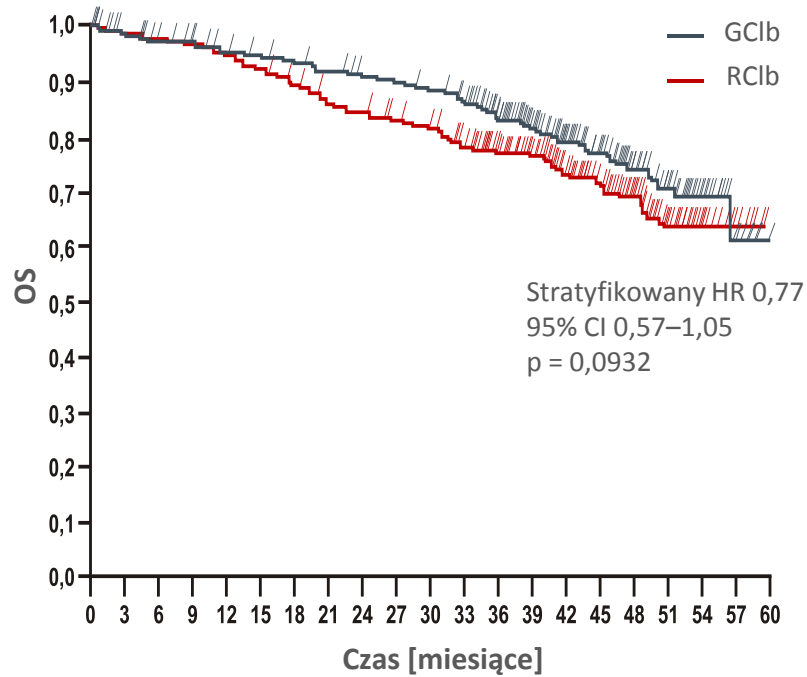
Rituximab

Obinutuzumab

MOR 208 ?

Unless it is chlorambucil ?

OS in previously untreated elderly CLL patients (CLL-11 trial)



	Clb Alone (n = 118)	RClb (n = 233)	O-Clb (n = 238)
ORR	32%	65%	78%
CR	0	7%	21%
Median PFS	11 months	16 months	27 months

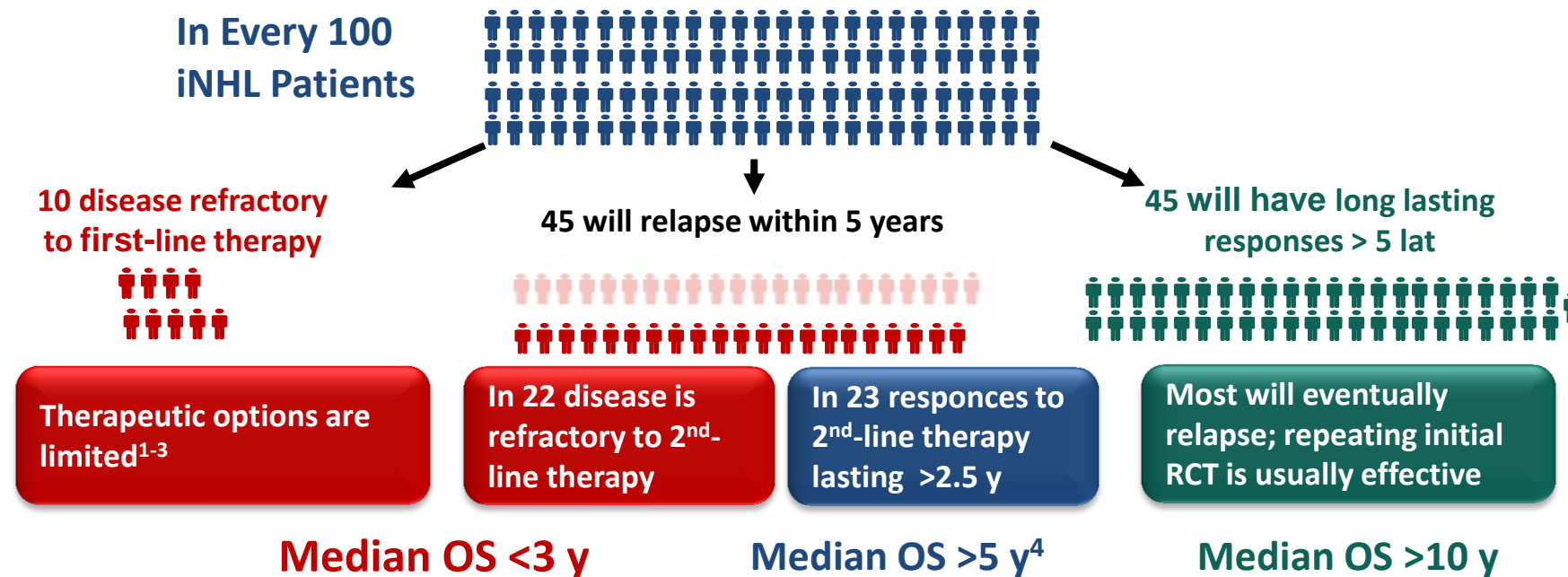
Geode et al.: 2014

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3

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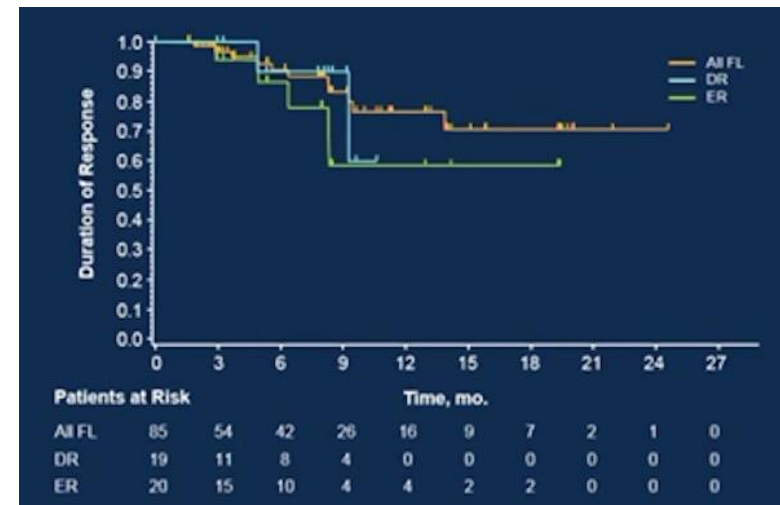
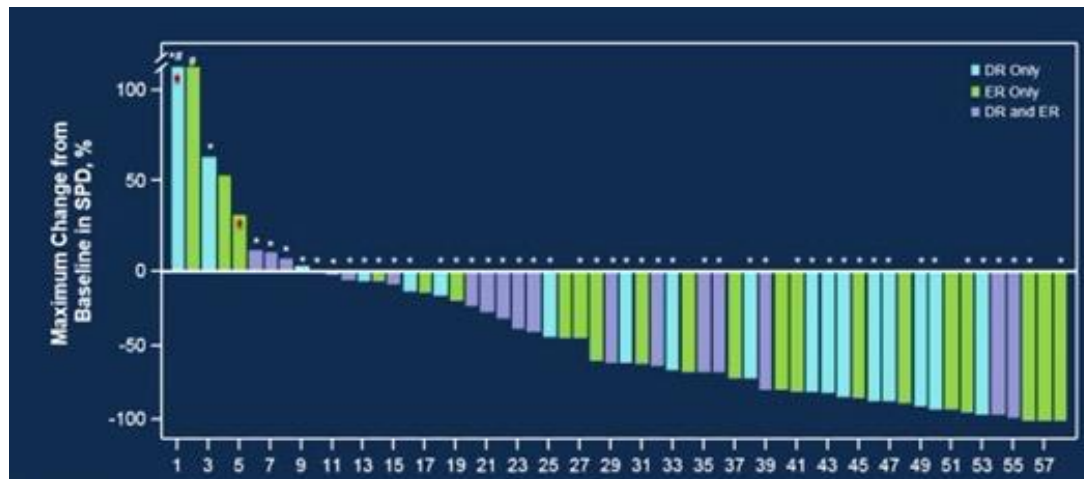
Część z chorych pozostaje oporna na immunochemioterapię



1. Kahl B et al. *Cancer*. 2010;116:106-114; 2. Horning SJ et al. *J Clin Oncol*. 2005;23:712-719;
3. Czuczman MS et al.:*Blood*. 2012;119:3698-3704; 4. Van Oers MH et al. *J Clin Oncol*. 2010;28:2853-2858.

Lenalidomide + Rituximab u chorych z iNHL ze wznową/ opornością (≠)

MAGNIGY Phase 3 Trial: Lenalidomide Plus Rituximab (R²) Followed by Lenalidomide Versus Rituximab Maintenance for Relapsed/Refractory Follicular, Marginal Zone or Mantle-Cell Lymphoma (N = 117)



Andorsky DJ et al. ASCO 2017. Abstract 7502.

Lenalidomid z przeciwciałami anty CD20 w nawrotowych/opornych DLBCL (≠)

Single-agent lenalidomide (Phase II/III) ¹		Lenalidomide + rituximab (Phase II) ²		Lenalidomide + obinutuzumab (Phase II) ³		Lenalidomide + MOR208 (Phase II; preliminary data) ⁴	
No. of patients	N=51	No. of patients	N=32	No. of patients	N=71	No. of patients	N=34
ORR	28%	ORR	28%	ORR	45%	ORR	56%
CR	10%	CR	22%	CR	16%	CR	32%
Median PFS, weeks	13.6	Median PFS, months	3.7	Median PFS, months	4.1	Median PFS, months	N/A

1. Czuczman MS, et al. Clin Cancer Res 2017; doi: 10.1158/1078-0432.CCR-16-2818; 2. Wang M, et al. Leukemia 2013;27:1902–1909; 3. Morschhauser F, et al. ASH 2016; 4. Maddocks KJ, et al. ASCO 2017.

Podsumowanie :

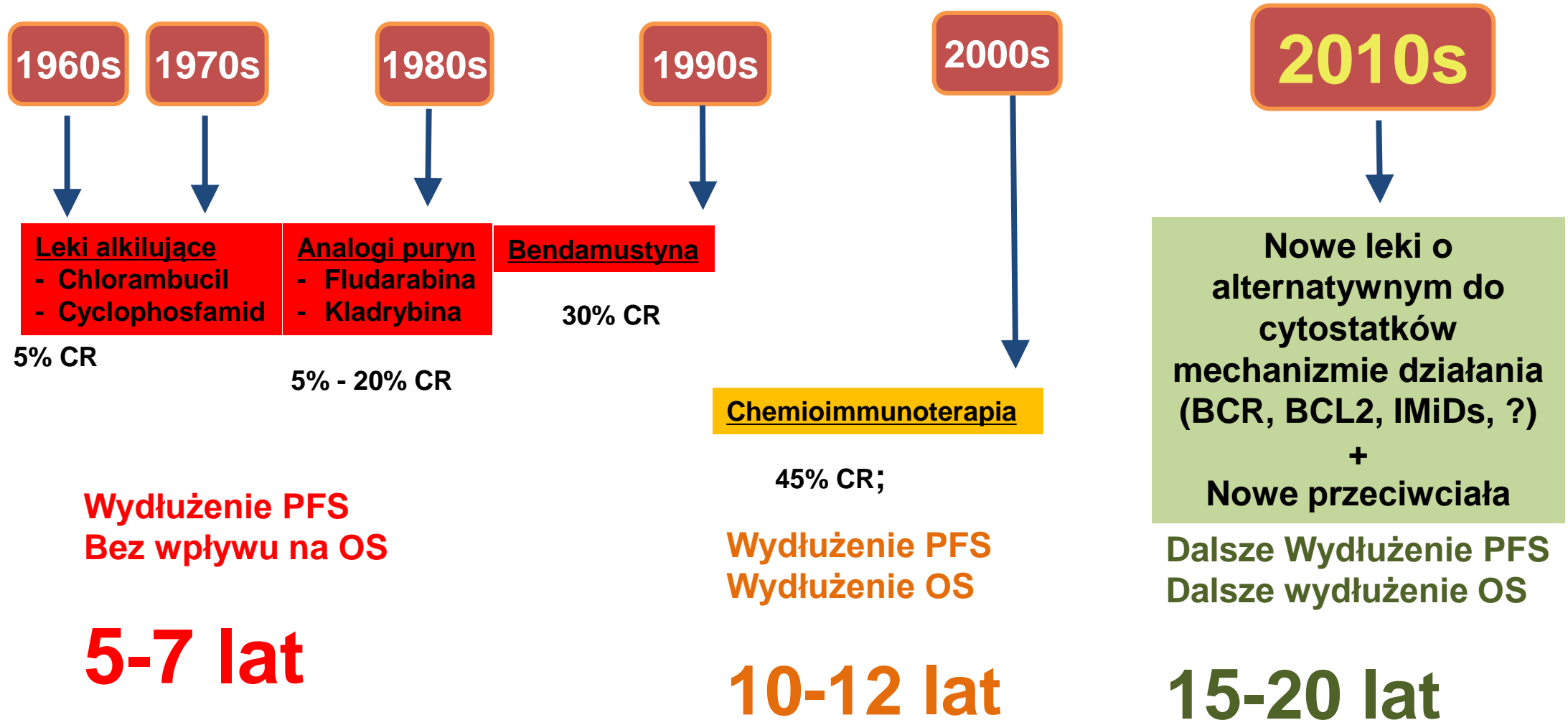
- **Rituximab biosimilars** are good quality MoAb with a safety and efficacy profile identical to their originator
- Their similarity to Rituximab was determined by extensive pre-clinical analyses, and finally confirmed by clinical trials, with **nearly 2000 participating patients**
- **Subcutaneous Rituximab** is the only competitor to Rituximab biosimilars in the I line B cell NHL therapy
- **Chlorambucil + Obinutuzumab** is the only protocol, with novel anti CD20 MoAb, better to Rituximab based I line immuno-chemotherapy regimens

Biosymilary to duże oszczędności dla NFZ i budżetu Państwa

”Bio-similar for Bio-better”



CLL – najczęstszy chłoniak w Polsce - długość życia chorych

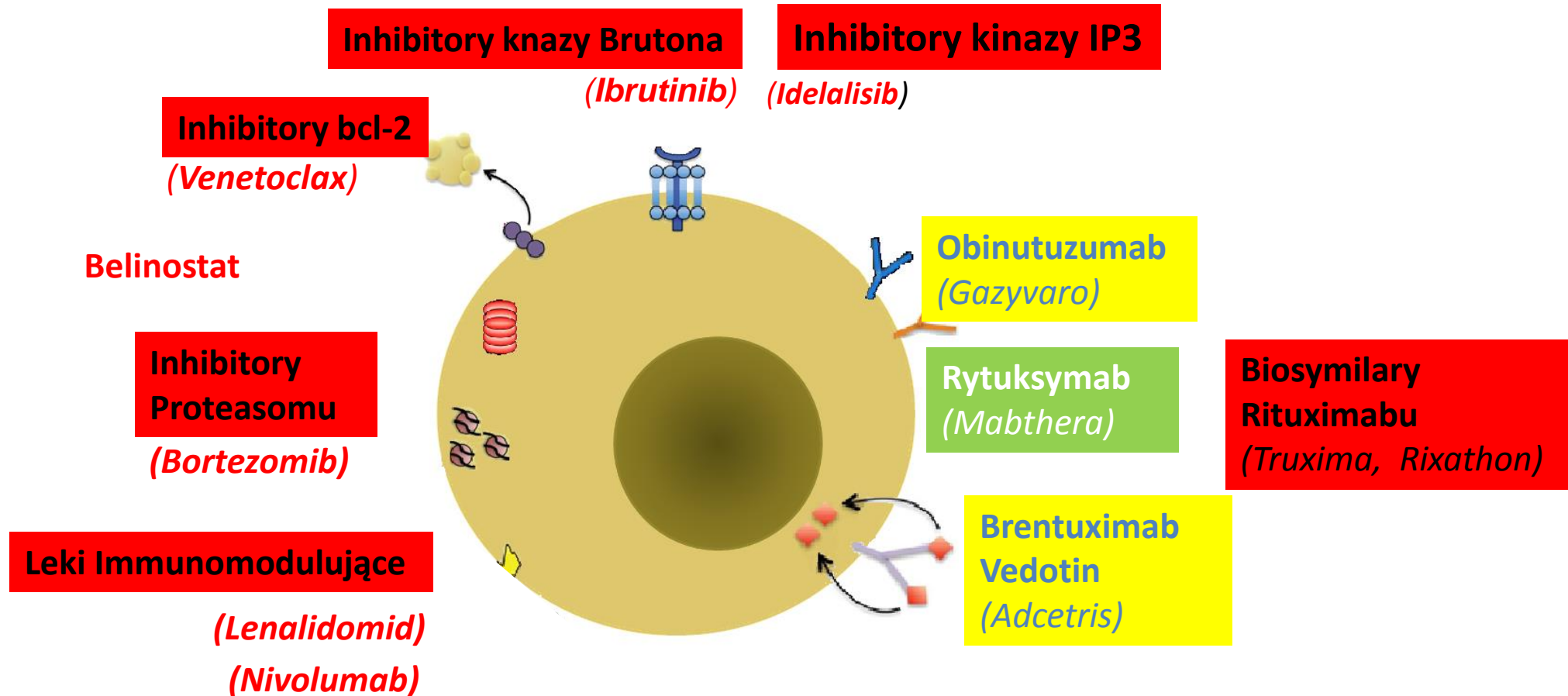


Dostępność w Polsce leków zarejestrowanych przez EMA i FDA w leczeniu chłoniaków

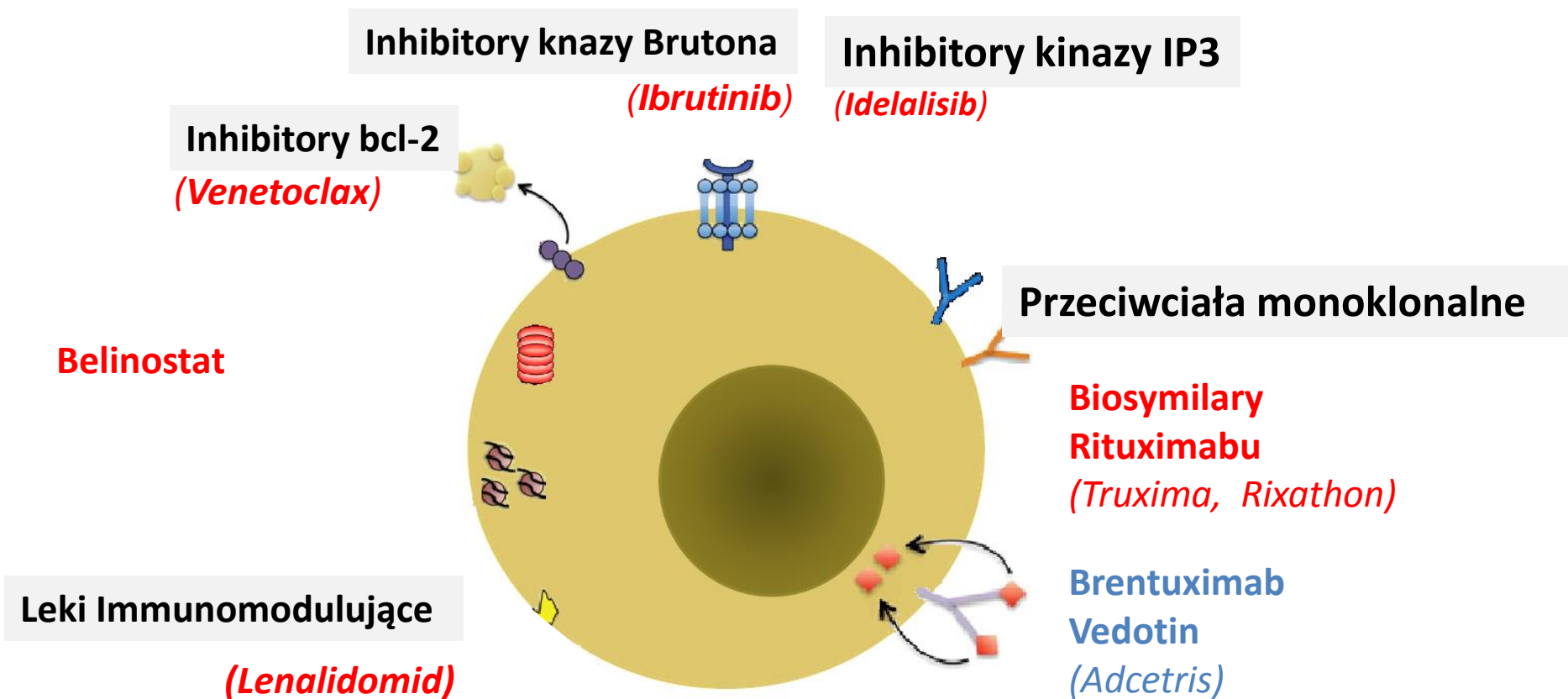
Leki dostępne

Leki częściowo dostępne

Leki Niedostępne



Leki zarejestrowane przy współudziale zespołu Kl.Hematologii UJCM



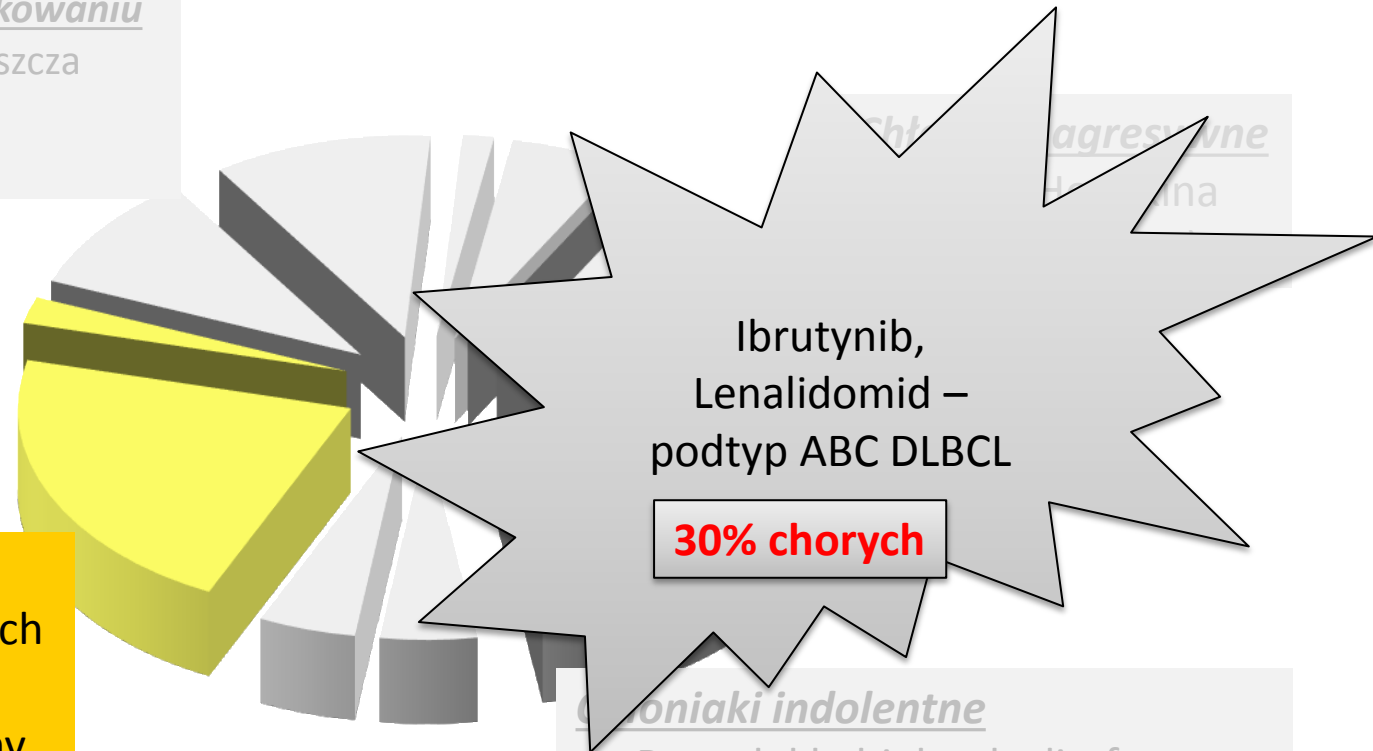
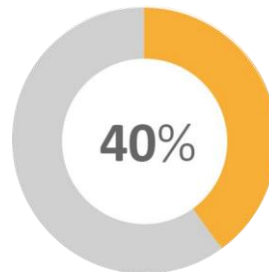
Chłoniaki o dużej dynamice – duża szansa na całkowite wyleczenie choroby

Chłoniaki o niepewnym rokowaniu

- Chłoniak z komórek płaszczą
- Szpiczak mnogi
- Chłoniaki z komórek T

Chłoniaki agresywne

- Chłoniak rozlany z dużych komórek B
- Chłoniak limfoblastyczny



Chłoniaki indolentne

- Przewlekła białaczka limfatyczna
- Chłoniak grudkowy
- Chłoniak strefy brzeżnej, MALT

Chłoniaki o dużej dynamice – duża szansa na całkowite wyleczenie choroby

Chłoniaki o niepewnym rokowaniu

- Chłoniak z komórek płaszczca
- Szpiczak mnogi
- Chłoniaki z komór

Nivolumab

5 % chorych

Chłoniaki agresywne

- Chłoniak rozlany z komórek B
- Chłoniak limf

Brentuximab
vedotin

Chłoniaki agresywne

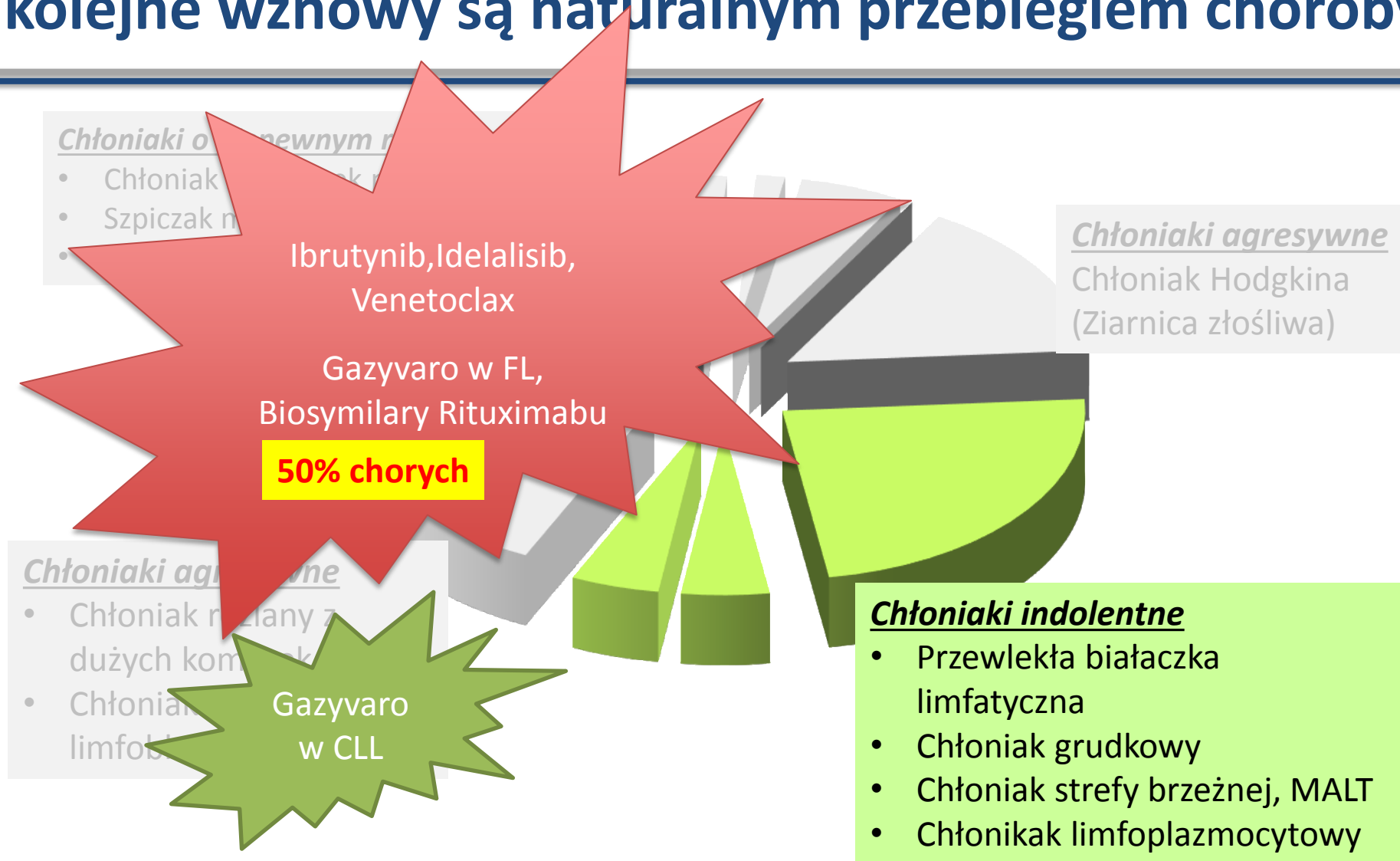
Chłoniak Hodgkina
(Ziarnica złośliwa)

90%

Chłoniaki indolentne

- Przewlekła białaczka limfatyczna
- Chłoniak grudkowy
- Chłoniak strefy brzeżnej, MALT

Chłoniaki indolentne (ok 4 000 / rok) – kolejne wznowy są naturalnym przebiegiem choroby



Chłoniaki o niepewnym rokowaniu – szybkie pojawienie się oporności na chemioterapię

Chłoniaki o niepewnym rokowaniu

- Chłoniak z komórek płaszczą
- Chłoniaki z komórek T

Chłoniaki agresywne

Chłoniak Hodgkina
(Ziarnica złośliwa)

Chłoniaki agresywne

- Chłoniak rozlany z dużych komórek B
- Chłoniak limfoblastyczny

Ibrutinib, Lenalidomid,
Temsiolimus,
Bortezomib Belinost, ...

90% chorych

Badania Kliniczne w Polsce



- Szansa na skuteczne leczenie w przypadkach opornych
- Coraz częściej jedyna możliwość leczenia zgodne z europejskim standardem
- Inne niż chemioterapia skutki działań niepożądanych
- Znaczne oszczędności dla NFZ i budżetu Państwa



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